Natural Resources sustain all human flourishing.

	Exhaustible S	Renewable Q
Sterile	Oil	Water
Living	Fish -	. Fish

Recognized Rights in Natural Resources Access

- · Water, Food , Health, Environment
- · ICESR General Comments

All Rights have correlative Responsibilities

- · Human Rights: human as Social Creature
- · Natural Law tradition: Rights and Responsibilities

Imperfect dualism:

- •Realizing B's right requires Collective Action
- · Responsibility diffuse

There is a failure to realize rights

- ·An underemphasis on Responsibility

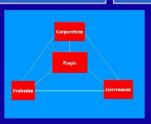
Institutions

- · Trio of overlapping forms:

 - -Professional
- · Human at center as client and

Professions

- -Cultivation of specialized knowledge
- Direction of



Professionals and Specialists



Human Rights and Natural Resources Recognition, Governance, Realization

Toward a Declaration of Stewardship Responsibilities Daniel R. Lynch Dartmouth College, Hanover, NH USA April 20, 2008

Declaration of Stewardship Responsibilities

Version 2c; 12 March 2008 Daniel R. Lynch

PREAMBLE

Whereas

- 4. Unspeakable damage to natural resources is surely within human capacity,
- generations

And Whereas

- 6. The human person and his development is the central and authentic concern of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which affirms:
 - development of his personality is possible (Article 29)
- Cultural Rights) recognize ownership of Natural Resources by people as a first principle,

And Whereas

- 8. Human activity is needed to preserve, enhance, and direct Natural Resources toward the common good.
- 9. Coordination of actions, across Scientific, Economic, Political, and Cultural units, is necessary to achieve common ends relative to Natural Resources
- and requisite to realizing their benefit

Intending to conserve and enhance the opportunities of all persons of present and future

And Intending to maintain and enhance the life-sustaining capabilities of all nations,

We endorse this common standard of stewardship, to be pursued by all persons, to be realized in

- Article 1: A sustainable relationship among people and Natural Resources shall be pursued in Scientific, Economic, and
 - Article 1a: Everyone has a responsibility to reduce reliance on nonrenewable natural resources. This implies a
- Article 2: Ownership of Natural Resources by people is recognized by the Covenants; it may not be severed without consent. Private property shall be protected from uncompensated or arbitrary taking.
- Article 3: Property rights in Natural Resources shall be encouraged where workable; and understood as obligations to stewardship, the duty demanded by freedom.

- Article 5a: Trusteeship: Governments and public agencies may serve as trustees of Natural Resources on behalf of citizens, for the purposes of stewardship as described herein.

 Article 5b: The stewardship obligations so entrusted, shall be initiated and maintained in a democratic manner, and consistent with established norms of ownership and responsibility.
- ying within a political jurisdiction
- Article 7: Time and space scales of a Natural Resource are to be explicitly recognized by all concerned with resource use, ownership, or governance. These scales do not obey political or economic jurisdictions per se and must be
- Resource stewardship
- be recognized and accounted for collaboratively among owners, beneficiaries, and governance bodies.
- Article 11: Habitat for living resources shall be safeguarded against degradation or destruction from individual or llective action or inaction
- Article 12: Natural conduits that distribute Resources shall be safeguarded against degradation or destruction from
- Article 14: Uncertainty and error shall be treated conservatively, that is, with a preferential option for conserving future
- Article 15: Substitution: In the case of non-renewable resources, the justification for irreversible use is to be found in the adequacy and sustainability of the substitute.
- Article 16: Rent: When Resources are exchanged economically, the rent shall be captured on behalf of the original owners and treated as a sustainable substitute for Resource depletion
- being "mined" as nonrenewable resources. Special protection from simple economic action is required if extinction is to be avoided.
- Article 19: Nothing in this declaration shall be interpreted as elevating Natural Resources above Human Rights. They are subservient to Human Rights and that is the sole justification for stewardship responsibilities described herein.

----- END -----