

## Large-scale fluvial hydraulics experiments

**Host** : Korea Institute of Civil Engineering and Building Technology \*

### **Presenters**

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### **Description**

#### **Body**

**Maximum words: 1,000 including headings**

##### 1) Short Description

This special session is a place to share experiment-based research achievements in the fluvial hydraulics field as well as some works performed using a real-scale experiment channel. These include research results derived from flow-vegetation interactions and flow resistance, hydraulic instrumentation using the latest technologies, physical model studies and full-scale levee failure experiments.

##### 2) Objectives

The latest research results conducted in lab- and real-scale river experiments are to be presented. They will contribute to expand knowledge on fluvial hydraulics and can be transferred via field experiences to river engineering and management.

##### 3) Justifications

The lab- and real-scale channel/fluvial/hydraulic experiments can be usefully used in river hydraulics research as a scientific and engineering tool. Especially real-scale experiments can solve the scale effect and limitation that most of the model or lab-scale experimental study has. The lab- and real-scale experiments are to be used mutually with field investigation to bridge the gap between theory and practices to real rivers.

##### 4) Projected outcomes

The latest research results conducted in lab- and full-scale river experiments are presented, raising the need for international cooperation for large-scale experimental research in the field of river hydraulics.

##### 5) Alignment with Congress

Since most of the world's population lives near rivers, flood and riverine landscape changes due to vegetation have a direct impact on water disaster management and are one of the major areas of water management.

##### 6) Titles of talks

a. Introduction of KICT-REC and its recent experimental studies

- b. Hydrolytic Erosion in Overtopping Breach of Cohesive Embankments
- c. A full-scale Test on Levee Breach due to Overtopping in REC
- d. Brief Introduction of the Ujigawa Open Laboratory, Kyoto University – its unique research and outreach activities –
- e. Field test and validation of an image-based surface velocimetry along a large-scale experiment facility
- f. A Study on the Spatial Distribution of Suspended Sediment Considering Channel Flow Characteristics