

# Challenges in the use of bio-microplastic for sub-chronic bioassays: manufacturing, characterization and biochemical effects over a South American aquatic native species.

## Emerging pollutants in aquatic ecosystems

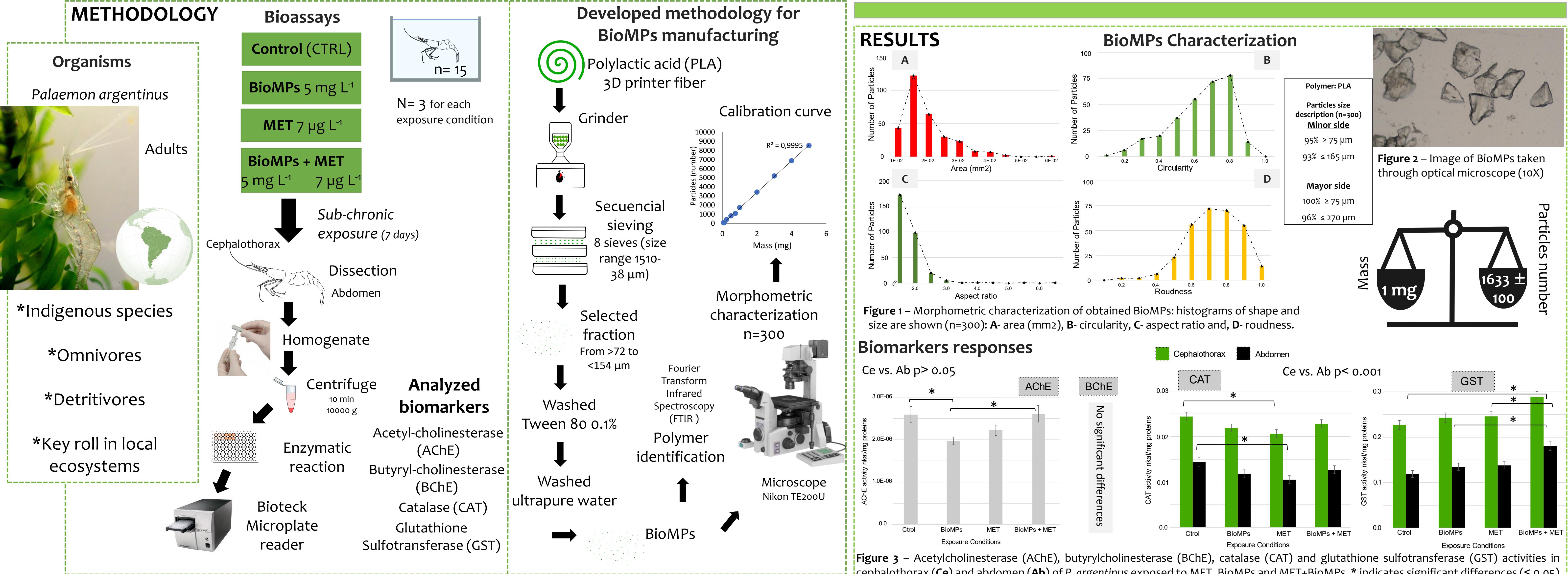
Bertrand, L.<sup>a</sup>; Yacelga, N.<sup>a</sup>; Gonzalez, F.<sup>a</sup>; Rimondino, G.<sup>b</sup>; Amé, M.V<sup>a</sup> - <sup>a</sup>Centro de Investigaciones en Bioquímica Clínica e Inmunología (CIBICI-CONICET) and Dpto. Bioquímica Clínica, Facultad de Ciencias Químicas, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, <sup>b</sup>Instituto de Investigaciones en Fisicoquímica de Córdoba, INFIQC-CONICET, Facultad de Ciencias Químicas, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba

### OBJECTIVE

Evaluate effects of bio-microplastics (BioMPs) and a widely used herbicide over the crustacean *Palaemon argentinus*.  
**a**-Establish a protocol to manufacture and characterize BioMPs. **b**-Evaluate effects of environmentally relevant concentrations over organism exposed to BioMPs alone and combined with an herbicide (metolachlor (MET)).

### KEY ISSUE

Biodegradable polymers are seen as a potential “green” solution to the environmental problems generated by fossil-based plastic. Nevertheless, there is growing concern regarding the potential for environmental occurrence and their impacts remains unclear, especially in presence of other organic pollutants.



**MESSAGE TO** \*Morphometric characterization of MPs and equivalence mass vs number of particles make available comparison among studies.  
**TAKE HOME** \*The co-exposure to BioMPs modified the MET effects related to oxidative stress, neurotoxicity and detoxification defenses.