

*Emerging Pollutants: Protecting Water Quality for the Health of People and the Environment* 

# Environmental exposure assessment of product-released engineered nanomaterials (PR-ENMs) from commercial products

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#### Engineered nanomaterials use and release into the aquatic environment





### Methods

| Product selection  | Characterisation (ENMs)                  | Environmental exposure | Characterisation (PR-ENMs)                |
|--|--|------------------------|---|
| <ul> <li>Medium to high environmental exposure<br/>potential products (Hansen <i>et al.</i> 2008)</li> </ul> |  |                        | <ul> <li>Morphology</li> </ul>            |
|  | Solvent extraction (sunscreens & creams) | Release                | • Size                                    |
| 2 Sunscreens   | Pretreatment (textile)                   |                        | • Shape                                   |
| 1 Topical cream → Cream  | Electron microscopy                      | Transformation & fate  | <ul> <li>Elemental composition</li> </ul> |
| 2 Textiles   | <ul> <li>Particle morphology</li> </ul>  |                        | • Hydrodynamic sizes                      |
|  | <ul> <li>Elemental analysis</li> </ul>   |                        | • Particle size distribution              |
| *ENMs indicated by manufacturer<br>*Suspected to consist of  | Surface area                             |                        | <ul> <li>Zeta potential</li> </ul>        |
| ENMs/active ingredient at nano-  | Pore volume                              |                        | • Particle concentrations                 |
| level  | Crystalline phases                       |                        | • Elemental concentrations                |
|  |  |                        |   |



#### Results (ENMs in NEPs)

500



Sunscreen: Titanium dioxide ENMs (Rutile) 18±1×75±4 nm ζ=-1.2 mV 83.103 m<sup>2</sup>/g







Topical cream: Zinc oxide ENMs (Zincite) 44±5 × 53±6 nm ζ=-15.5 mV





#### Results (PR-ENMs)





#### Results (PR-ENMs – Fate & Transformation)



PR-nTiO<sub>2</sub>: Shaped & size maintained, settling in the sediment PR-nTiO<sub>2</sub>: Higher Ti peak Maintains coating (Si) PR-nTiO<sub>2</sub>: Negative ZP for released nTiO<sub>2</sub> Positive ZP from medium spiked with salt (10%)



#### Conclusions and policy implications

- Increasing discharge of PR-ENMs into the aquatic environment
- Need for method development for release and characterisation
- Investigation of factors influencing exposure dynamics which ultimately influence bioavailability,

effects and risk potential

- Robust data generation (exposure and risk) to conclusively advise on the need for policy

development for environmental safety



