

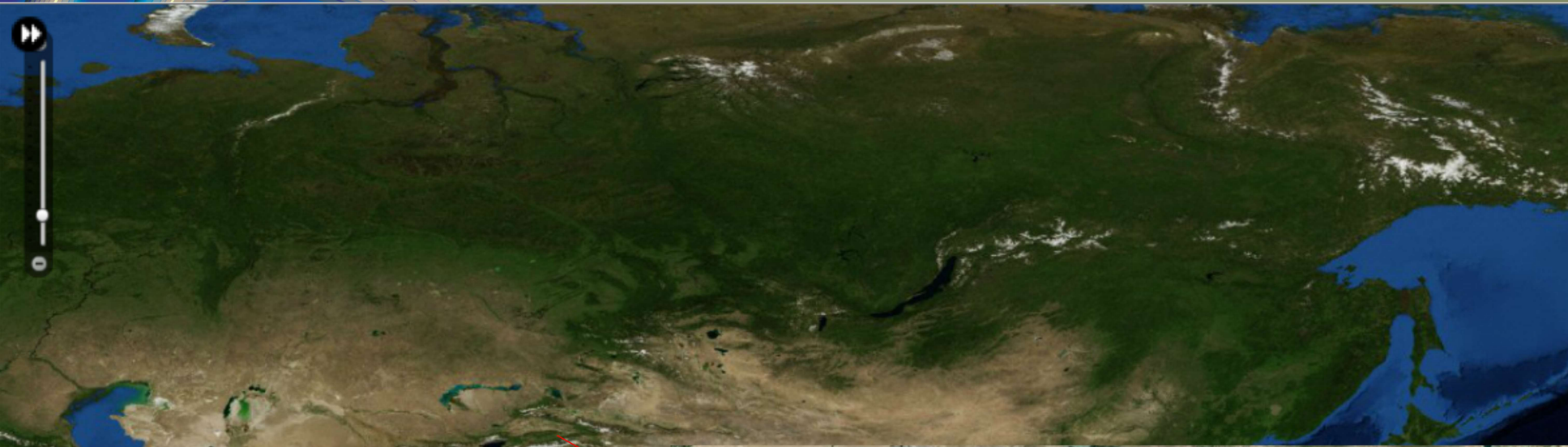


Rainwater harvesting using check dams in gully of Ili Valley, China

Wentai Zhang 张文太

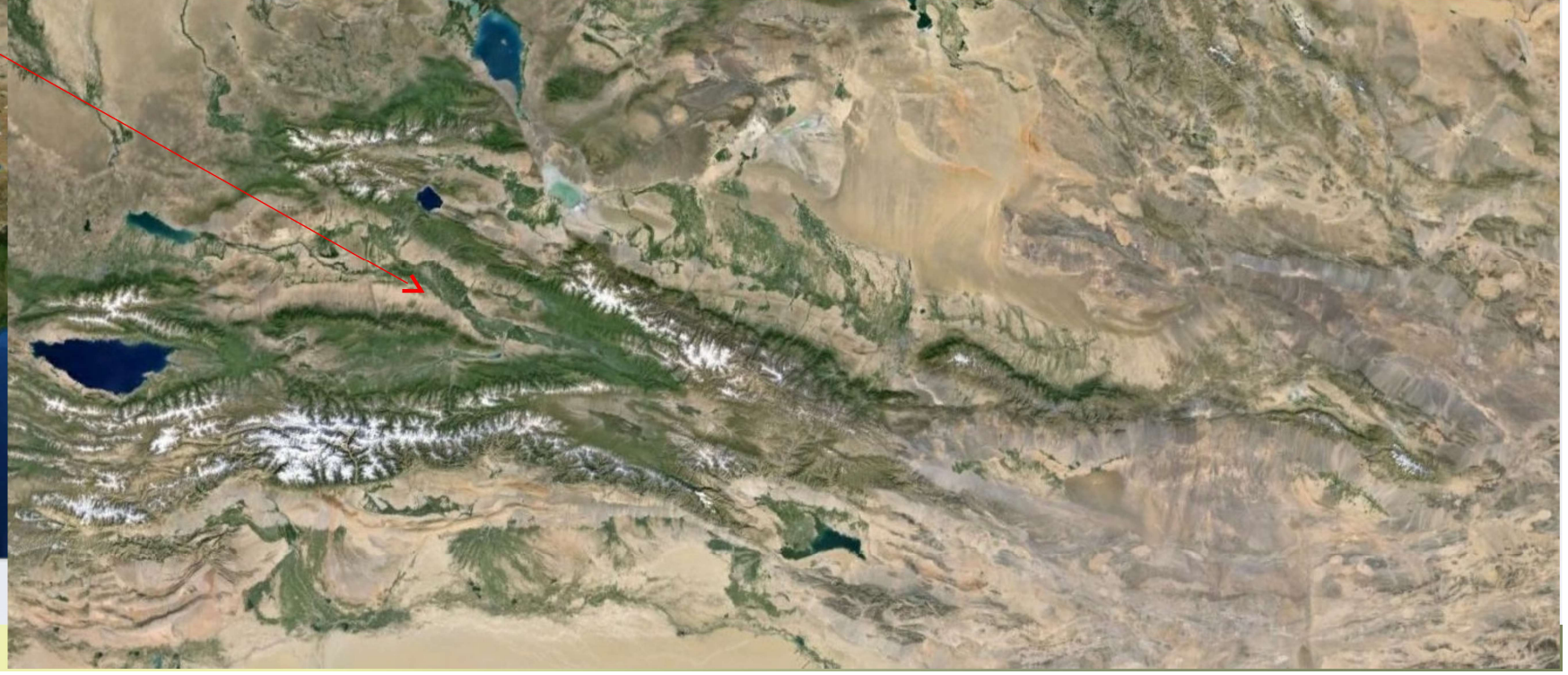
Xinjiang Agricultural University

Ili Valley: wet island of Central Asia

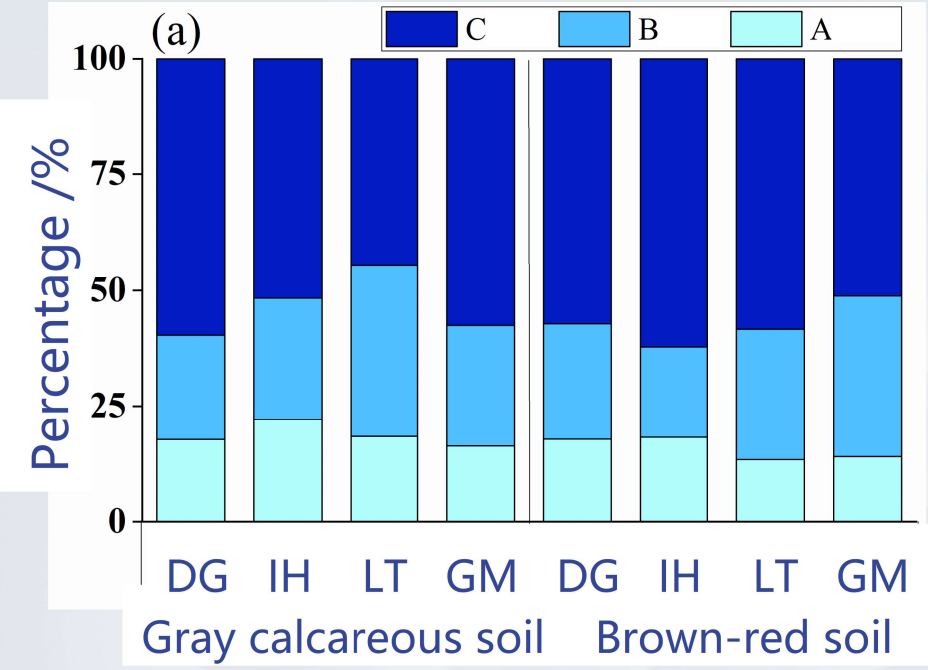
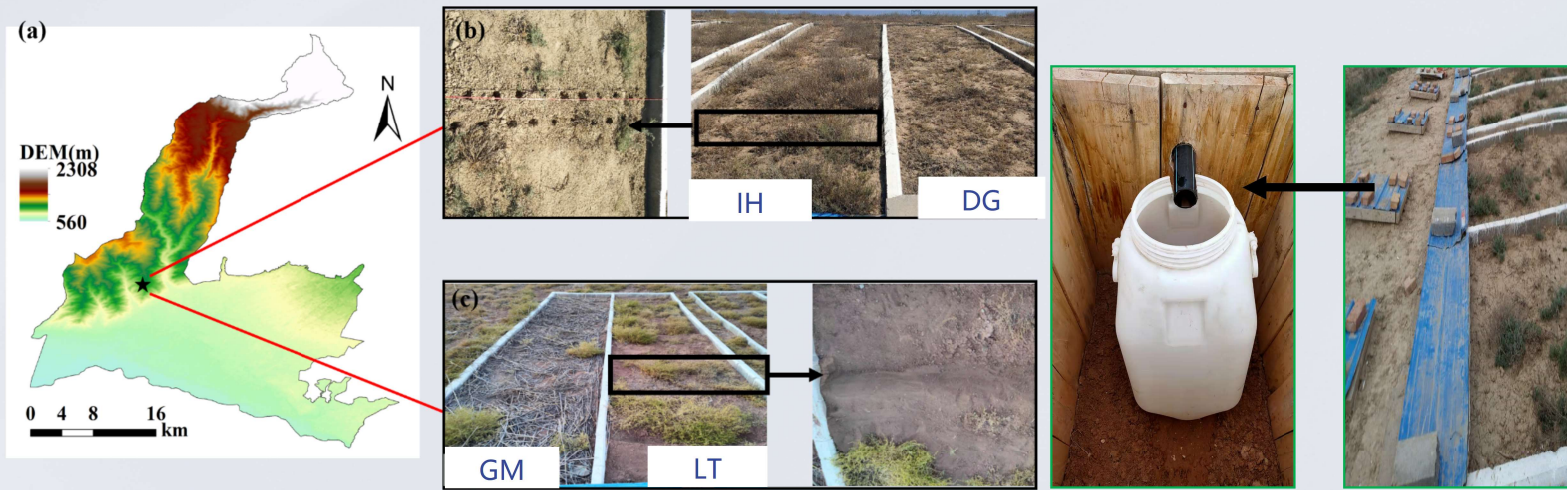


Xinjiang 165 mm

Ili Valley 200-800 mm,
>840 mm where altitude
e > 1500 m



Occasional rainstorms cause serious water loss

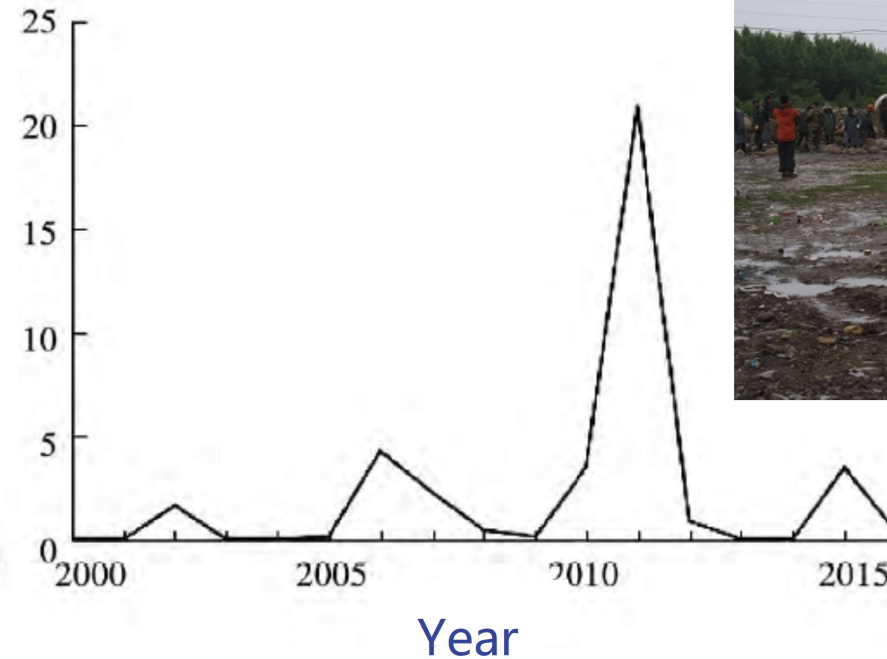
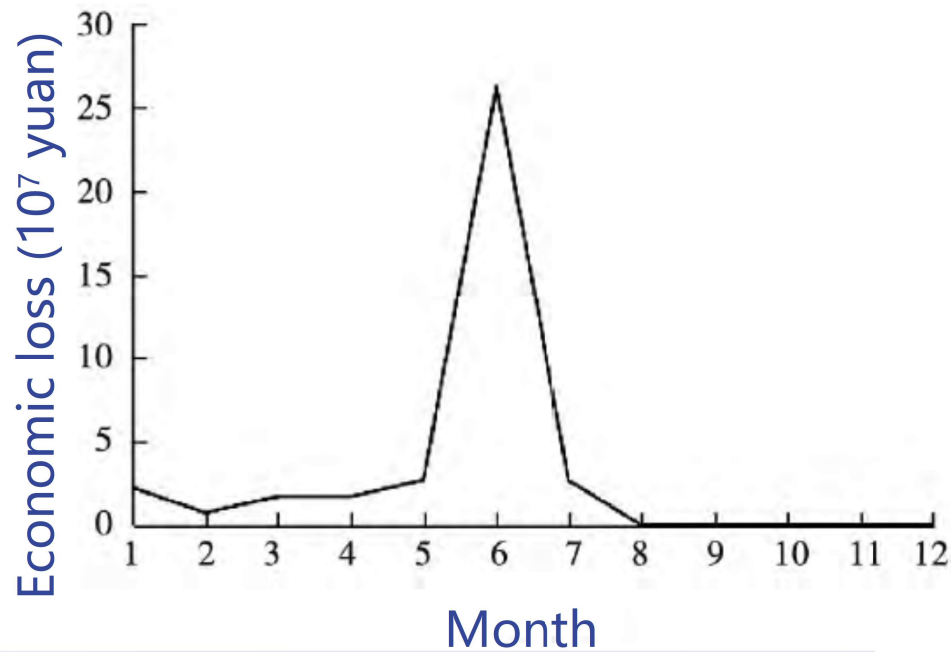


Rainfall	Mean rainfall/mm	Mean duration/h	Mean intensity/(mm·h ⁻¹)	Times
1				
A type	4.62 ± 0.87 _c	6.00 ± 1.70 _b	0.82 ± 0.29 _b	6
B type	9.76 ± 2.83 _b	9.83 ± 3.27 _a	1.14 ± 0.66 _b	9
C type	15.20 _a	2.80 _b	5.47 _a	2

DG: degraded grassland
IH: infiltration hole
LT: level trench
GM: grass mulching

Economic loss of flood disasters in Ili Valley

2015-06-29, Tekes County



For Qapqal Xibe Autonomous County of Ili Valley, Direct economic loss was the highest in June.

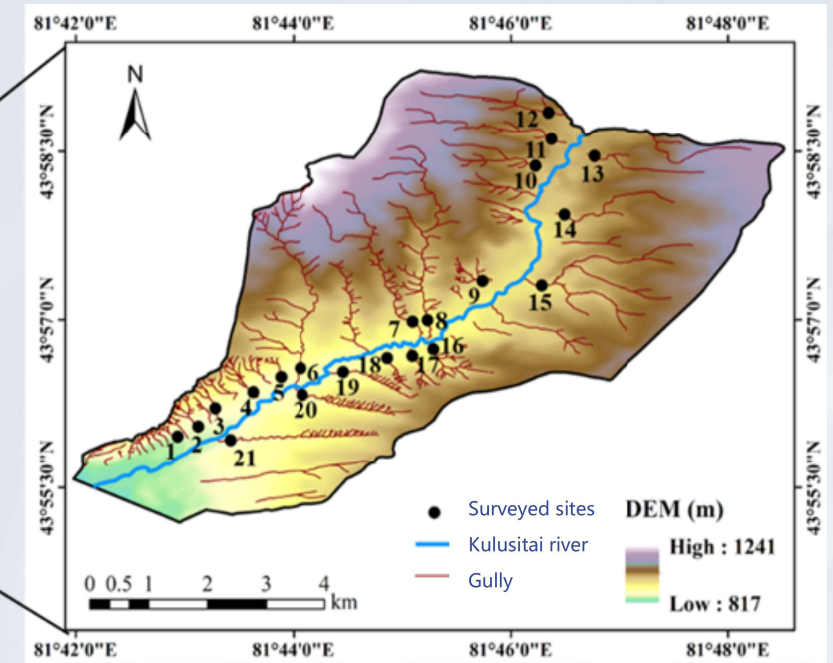
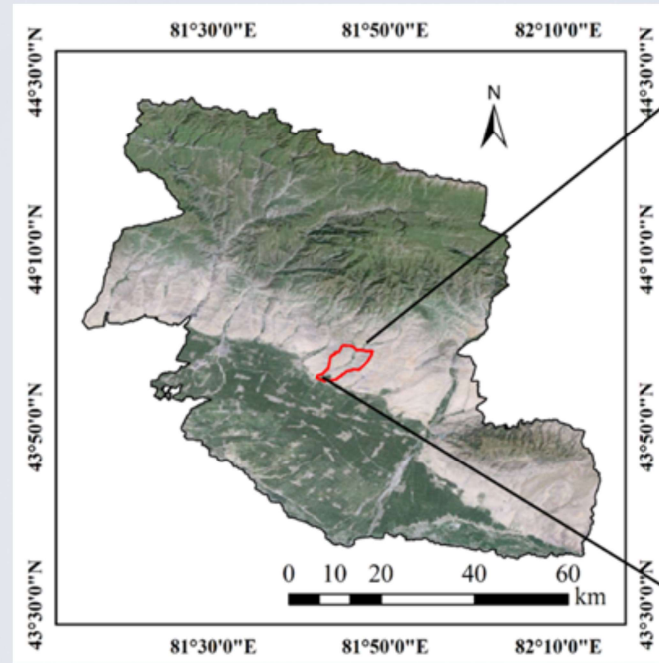
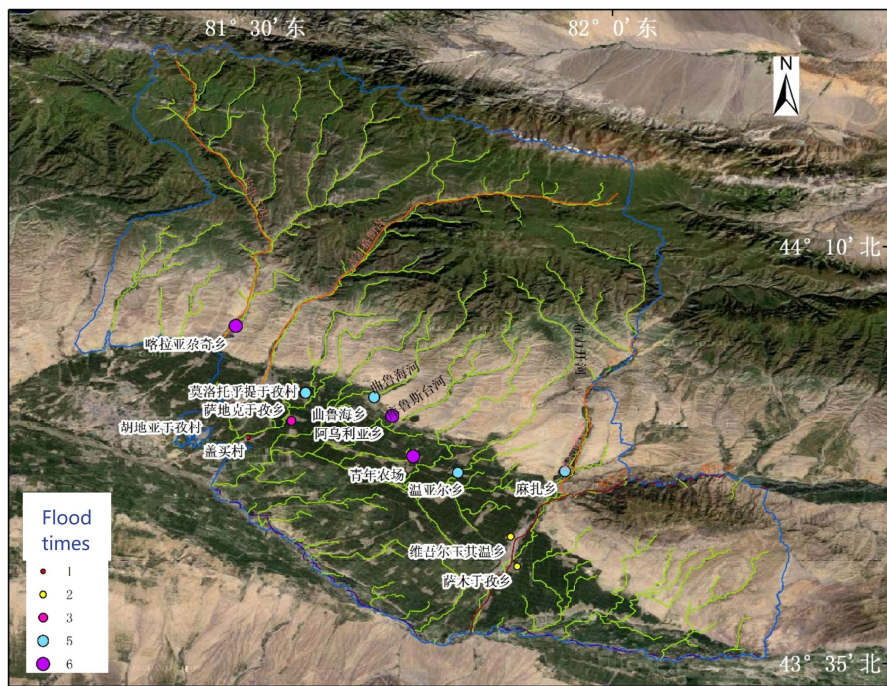
It is estimated that averagely 364 million yuan economic loss per year from 2000 to 2016 in Ili Valley.

Key issues should be addressed of this study

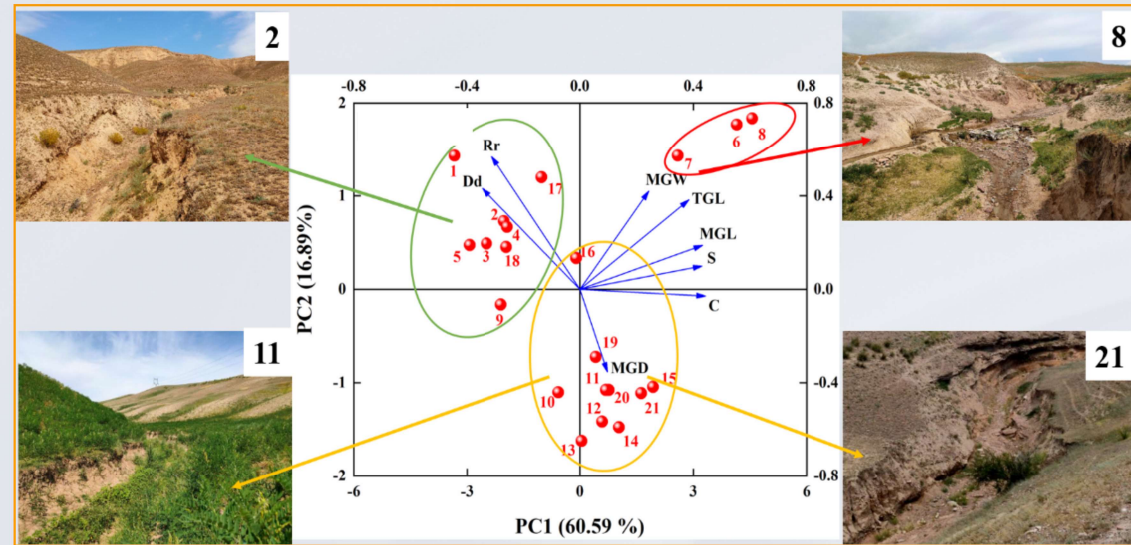
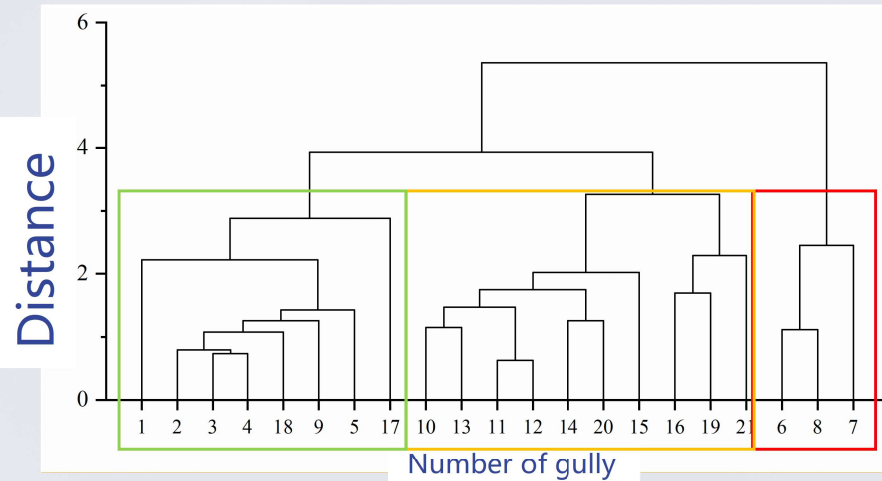
- (1) to evaluate the suitability of gully for rainwater harvesting at watershed scale, and
- (2) to test the effect of check dams on reducing runoff and promoting vegetation rehabilitation.



Study area: Kulusitai river watershed of Yining County



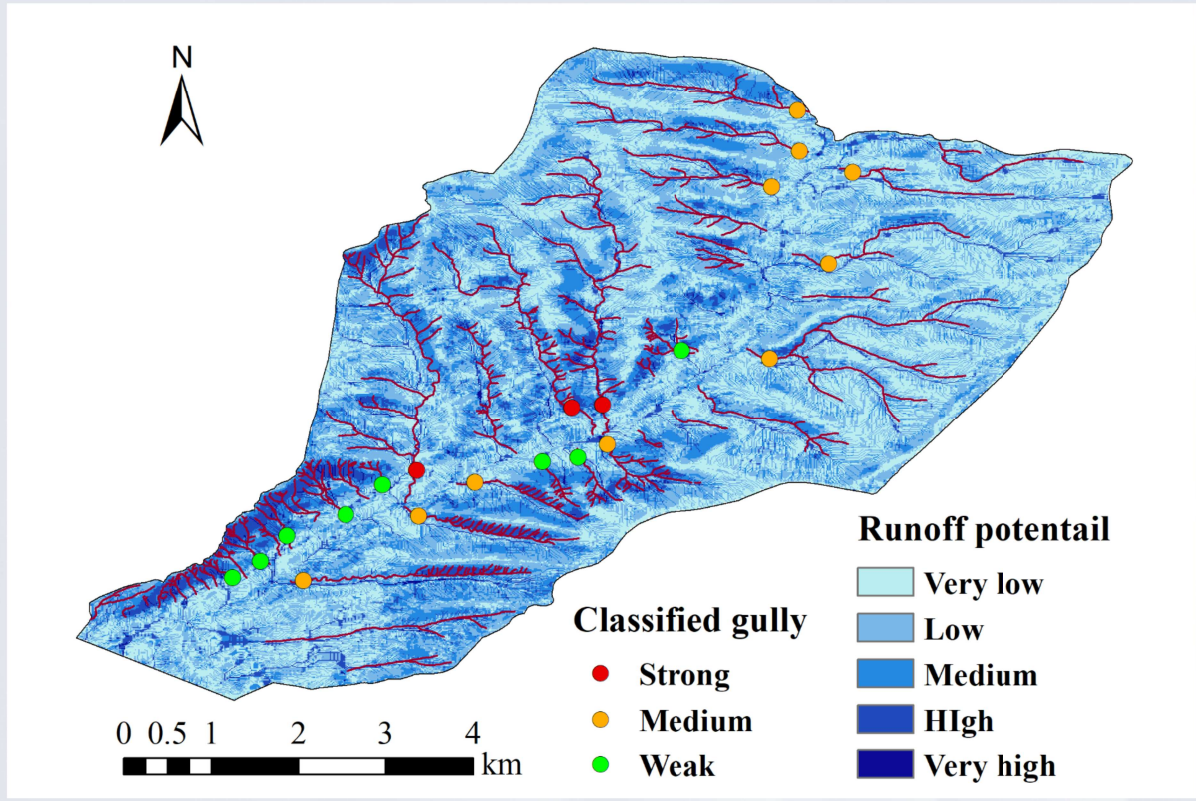
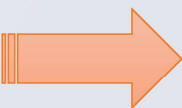
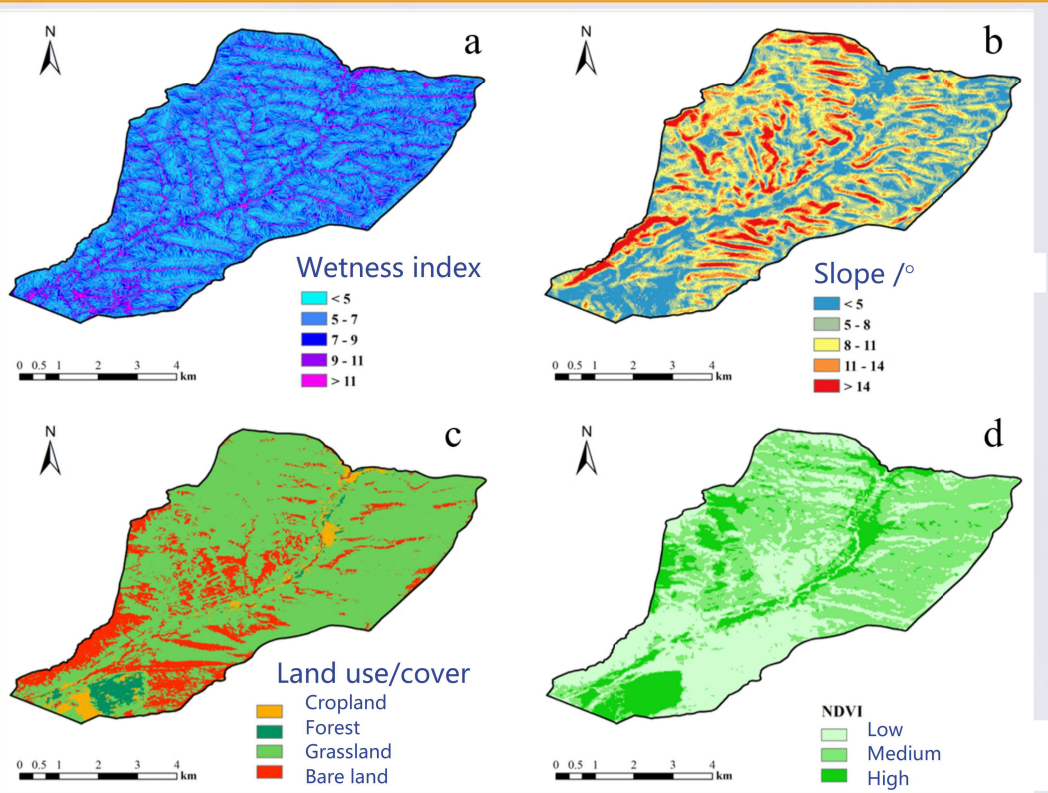
Characteristics of gully development



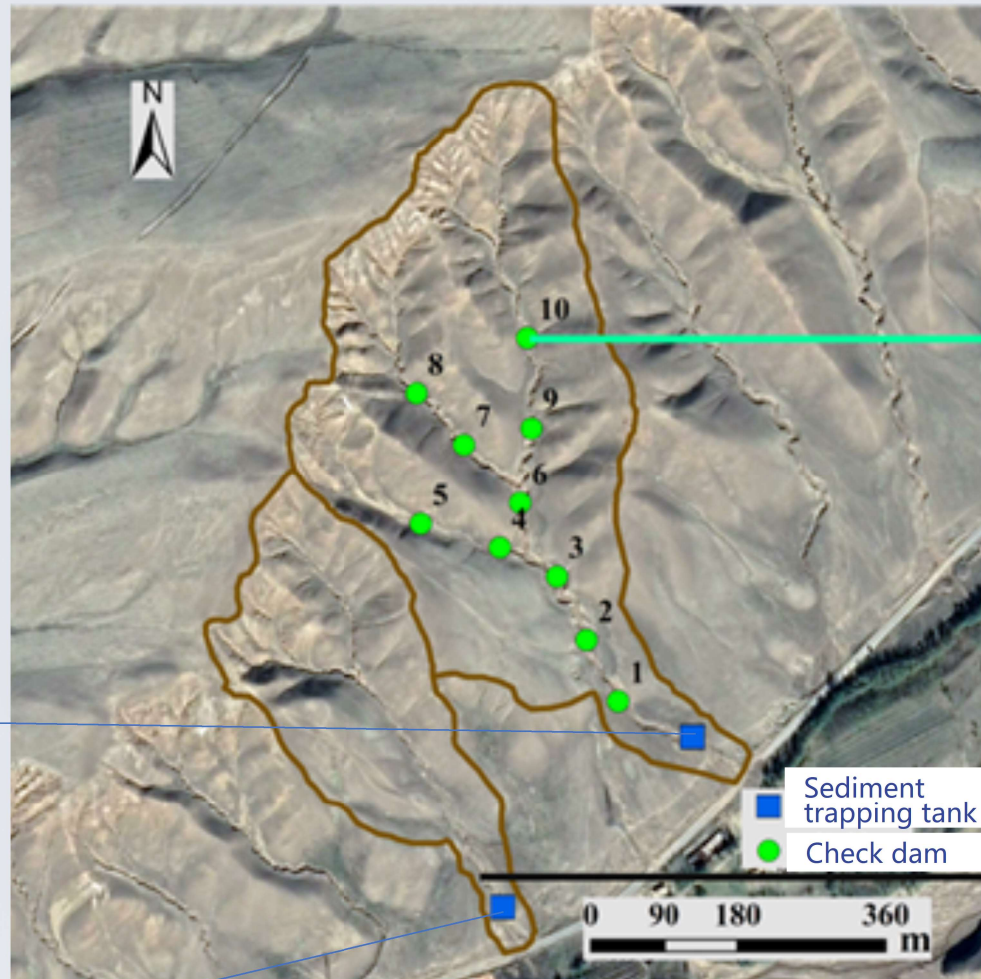
Gully types	MGL (km)	TGL (km)	MGW (m)	MGD (m)	C (km)	Area (km ²)	Drainage density (km/km ²)	Rr
Weak	0.65 ± 0.05c	1.46 ± 0.29b	4.62 ± 1.04b	1.63 ± 0.12b	1.64 ± 0.15c	0.13 ± 0.02c	12.4 ± 1.75a	0.13 ± 0.005a
Medium	1.48 ± 0.13b	2.29 ± 0.26b	5.41 ± 0.84b	3.52 ± 0.55a	4.60 ± 0.34b	0.96 ± 0.14b	3.05 ± 0.79a	0.07 ± 0.006b
Strong	3.30 ± 0.27a	6.37 _a ± 1.13	9.97 ± 0.70a	1.71 ± 0.22b	7.96 ± 0.71a	2.43 ± 0.31a	2.57 ± 0.17b	0.09 ± 0.005b

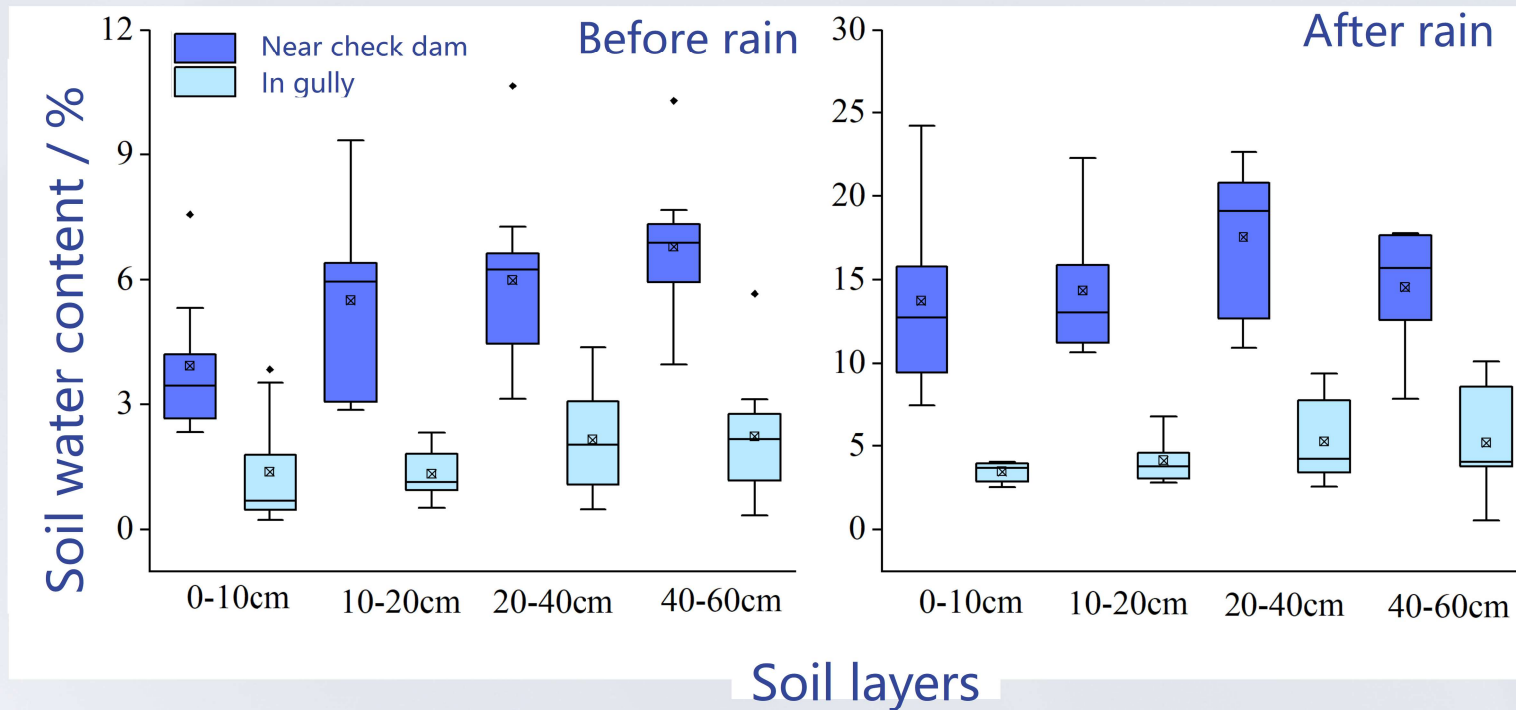
MGL=main gully length , TGL=total gully length , MGW=main gully width , MGD=main gully depth , C=circumference , Rr=relief ratio

Evaluating runoff potential using Analytic Hierarchy Process



Planting trees near the check dams in gully

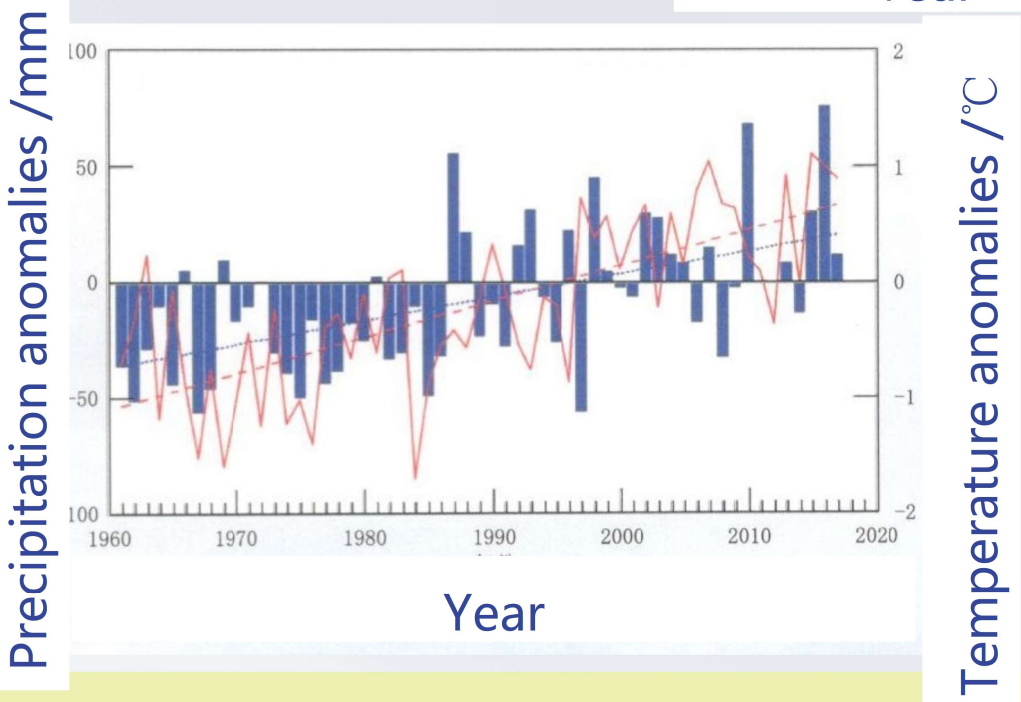
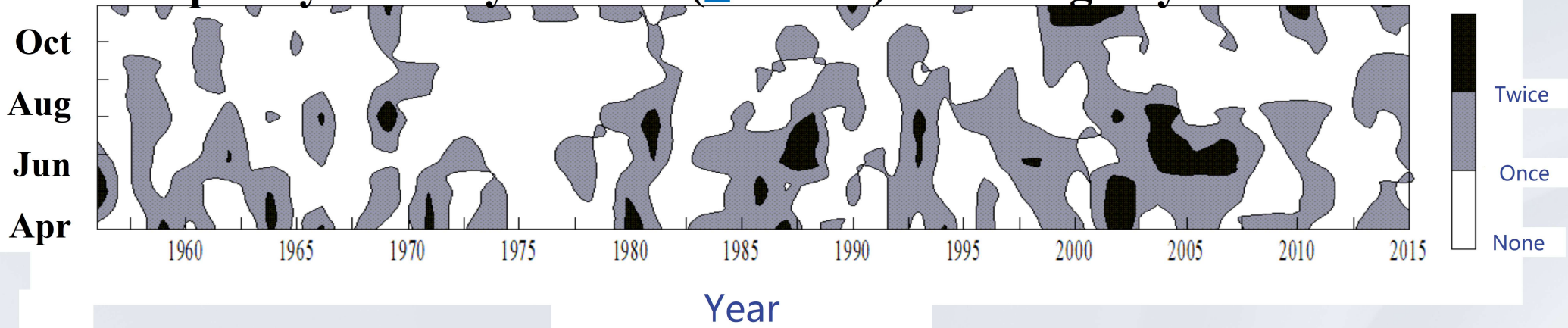




Gully as the water flow channel became the ideal site for storing harvested rainwater

Check dams and the harvested rainwater sustained about 80 m² vegetation patches in the gully

Frequency of heavy rainfall (≥ 10 mm) in Yining city



Under the background of increasing precipitation and temperature in Ili Valley, this study emphasizes the importance of gully rainwater harvesting on reducing flood disaster risk



Thanks for Attention!

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