Nutrient-rich diets increase food security, only if proper water quality is guaranteed

09-06-2021, Thijs de Lange, Vincent Linderhof and Stijn Reinhard







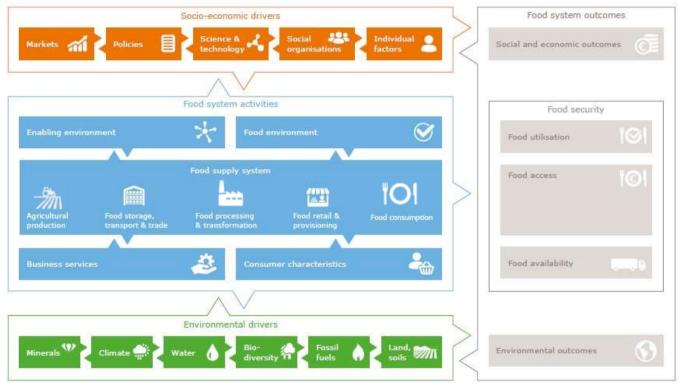


Introduction

- In areas with poor water quality, the promotion of nutrient-rich diets with perishable food (like fruits, vegetables and fish), can deteriorate food safety
- Growing pressure on water resources leads to increase in use of (untreated) wastewater for crop production
- Food systems activities affect water quality; water quality influence food security
- To ensure nutrition-rich diets increase consumers health, an integrated approach which combines food system and water system thinking is need



Food system approach





Source: Van Berkum et al. (2018)



Impact food systems on water quality



Water pollution of **food production** was mainly described in the literature



Few cases were found for **food processing**, especially effect of waste from abattoir on water quality



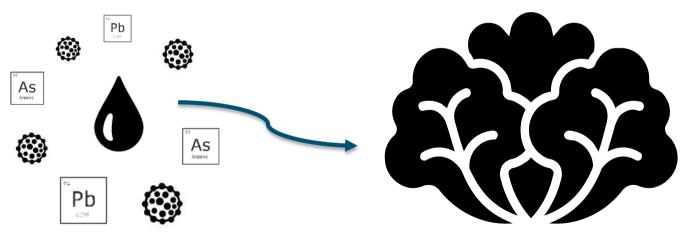
- Water pollution directly from food systems indirectly induce other contaminations:
 - Nitrogen and phosphate induce algae blooming -> mycotoxins
 - Antibiotics in water resources -> antibiotic resistant pathogens







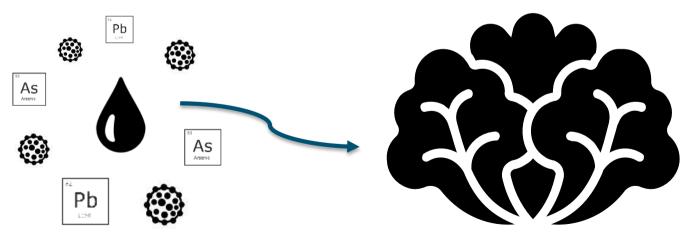
Agriculture: pollution from irrigation water (like heavy metals and pathogens) might contaminate produced crops







On markets: washing crops with polluted water on markets or at home might contaminate crops





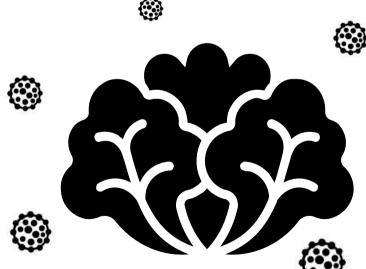




On markets and processing industry: cross-contamination if water is not refreshed sufficiently





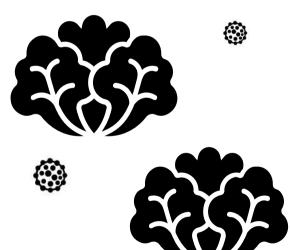


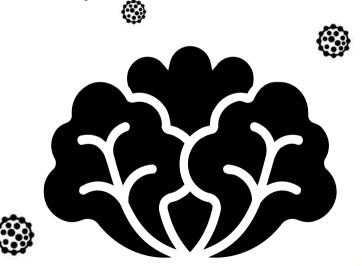




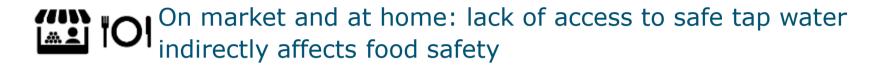


On markets and processing industry: cross-contamination if water is not refreshed sufficiently











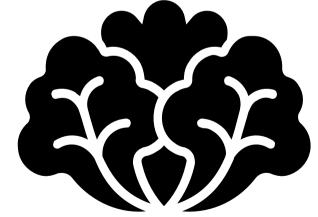










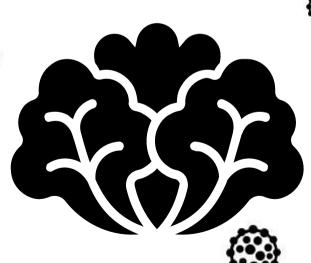










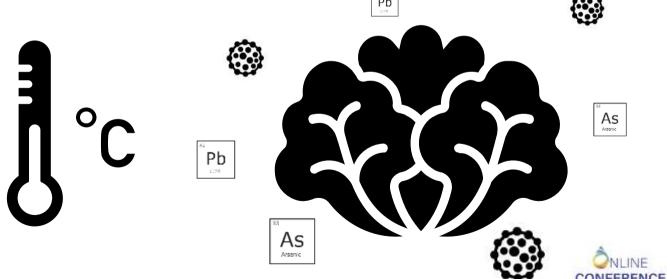








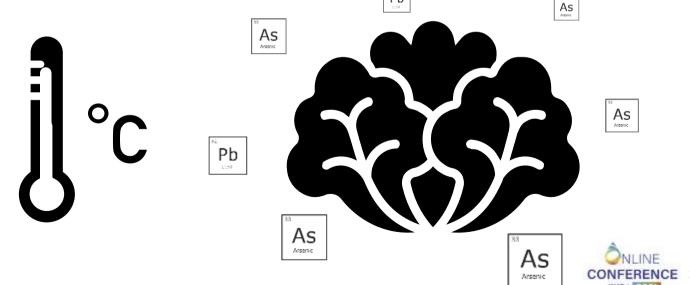
Food preparation influences food contamination depending on the type of contaminant







Food preparation influences food contamination depending on the type of contaminant





Effect of water pollution on fish, seafood and seaweed



Production of **proteins** from fish and seaweed are encouraged towards **nutrition-rich diets**



Fish and seaweed are prone to heavy metal accumulation



Shellfish contaminated with pathogens from wastewater



Cyanotoxins from algae blooming (induced by high concentrations of nitrogen and phosphate) affect **fish production**



Discussion

- Wastewater use for irrigation has a mixed effect on crop production
 - Phosphate and nitrogen increase production
 - Heavy metals and pathogens might affect food safety
- **Differences** in water quality between Africa and Asia explain how food is contaminated locally
- WASH is a crucial element in food systems:
 - Human waste is part of food system, how it is treated effects food security
 - From a food system perspective, potable water is often overlooked as an essential element of food security



Conclusions

- Our analyses provide comprehensive insights on the effects of interactions between water quality and food systems on food security
- More collaboration between water managers, agronomists, food technologists and nutritionists is needed towards common goals healthy diets and food safety
- More research is needed between the link of WASH and food security including drinking water in the food system, and how WASH can be used to improve food safety



Thank you for attention

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