Influences of Pesticide Residue on CONFERENCE attaining Food Security in Mauritius









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Introduction



Pesticide application to control crop losses

Food security
Food
Sufficiency

Application of chemical fertilizers

Ban on important group of pesticides

Crop productivity at risks

Agriculture

Demand to feed 7.8 billion people

Pyrethroid The Saviour

Pests resistance: Increase dosage

Incidence of pests and diseases

Increasing pressure on the Environment

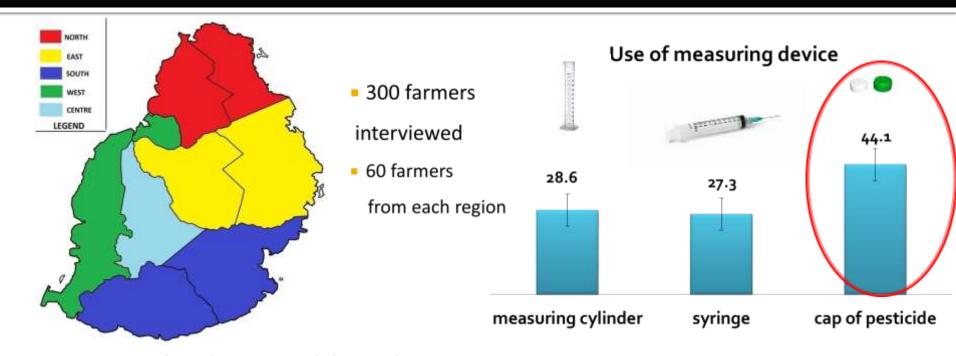
Objectives



- 1) To conduct a survey on cultivation practices among farmers in Mauritius who are growing mainly food crops.
- To analyze different cultivation practices following the survey in terms of pesticides, fertilizers, manure and municipal solid waste compost uses and applications for the growth of *Daucus carota*.
- To assess the soil quality under different cultivation practices in terms of nutrient content and heavy metals in the two selected agro-climatic regions.
- 4) To assess the environmental impacts of the different cultivation practices in terms of midpoint and endpoint categories.

Farmer's Survey





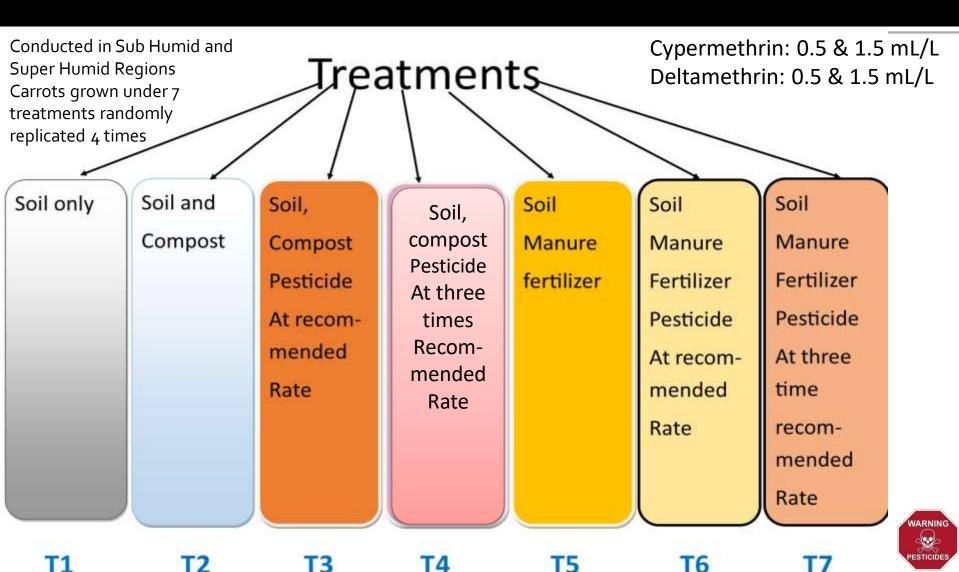
- Pyrethroids most widely used: 95%
- Many malpractices detected
- 44 % farmers exceeded the dosage of pesticides unknowingly
- Factor analysis: influence from fellow farmers

Use of measuring device – 297 farmers Use of PPE – 105 farmers



Experimental Trial





Results and Discussions



Highest yield – T6 Conventional treatment

Heavy metals – Cd exceeded the limits at Super humid Region

Presence of pesticide in carrots

Maximum Residue Levels (MRL)
Cypermethrin = 2µg/g

Deltamethrin = 0.2µg/s

- Where three fold pesticides were applied: Residue limits exceeded the MRL
- 2 times higher for cypermethrin
- 3 times higher for deltamethrin

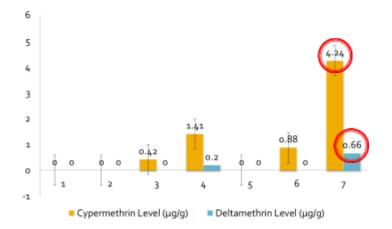


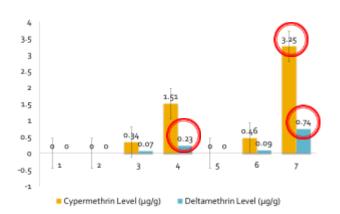
Basic Parameters: pH, CEC, OM,

Heavy metals: Pd, Zn and Cd



Deltamethrin







Life Cycle Assessment



 A life cycle assessment was carried out to assess the environmental impacts of producing 1 ton of *Daucus carota* under two different scenarios (functional unit):

Scenarios	Description
Scenario 1	Conventional practice (Baseline): Chemical fertilizer and Manure – T6
Scenario 2	Recommended treatment: Municipal solid waste compost – T3

- On the whole, it was found that both scenarios have a negative impact on human health and the environment.
- However, in both cases the most hazardous substance to use was pesticides.



Conclusions, Recommendations and future work



- Pesticide was detected in carrots where the dosage was exceeded
- Crops with excessive Pesticides cannot be consumed
- Hence excessive pesticide application has a negative impact on Food
 Security
- Investigation and continuous monitoring of pesticide residue on edible crops
- Tighter regulations in food crops
- More sensitization campaigns regarding dangers of pesticide usage
- Use of AI to detect pesticide at early stage
- Future of Agriculture lies in Organic Farming



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