

Assessing the Impact of Public Private Partnership on Sustainability of Drinking Water Sanitation Health in Lahore Pakistan

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World Water Congress XV International Water Resource Association (IWRA) Edinburgh, Scotland 25th-29th May 2015



Introduction

- Study conducted in Badar Colony Lahore
- Total 6 Hamlets with large population
- Low socioeconomic & educational status
- Poor WASH facilities
- High level of water born disease
- Extreme poor & backwardness



Drinking Water Quality Thread





Community Socioeconomic overview





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Social Deprivation Overview





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Community Situation before Project



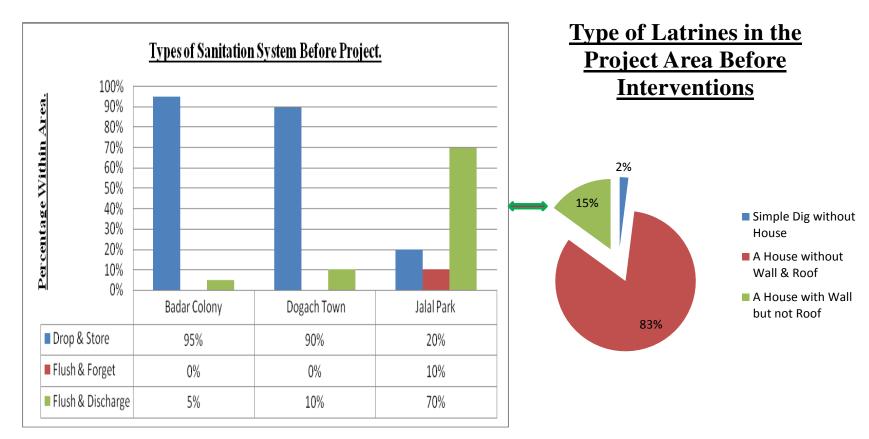


Social Overview of Study Area





Sanitation Scenario in Study Area





Objectives of Study

- To identify the WASH activities and operations in the study area
- To examine the process of public partnership in the project development
- To analyze the impact of public-private partnership on community ownership and project sustainability



Methodology

- Three hamlets as targeted population with 2000 HH
- 300 households a representative population & sample size
- 100 HH/each using probability random sampling technique
- 90 FGD; 30 from each & personal observation
- Data analyzed using SPSS & frequency distribution and Percentages
- Secondary data collected from official reports, literature



Results & Discussion

Project Interventions in the local Community

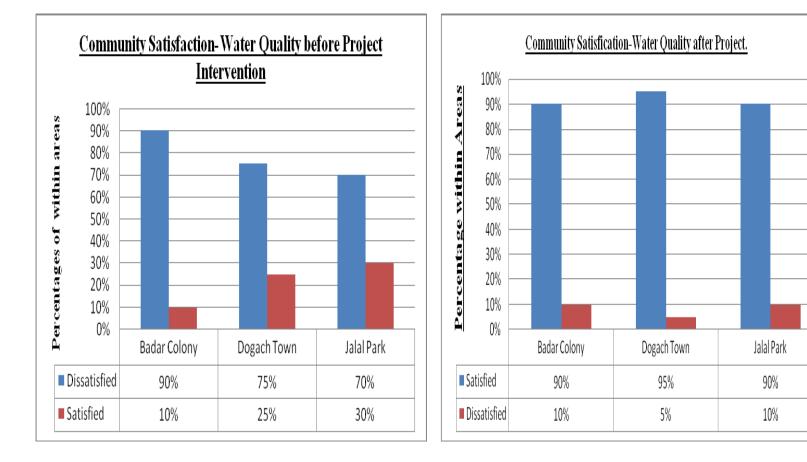
- Safe drinking water and centralized sanitation services
- A tube well 700 feet depth & OHR 50,000GSC
- Underground WATSAN piping network
- Disposal station for Wastewater treatment
- Street pavement, SWM, Health & Hygiene education
- Decreased Water born disease & economic growth



Community Satisfaction with Water Quality

Before Project

After Project

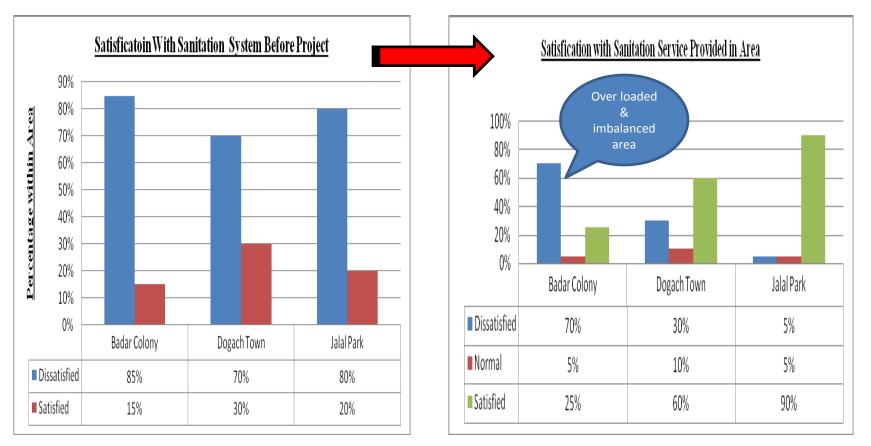


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Community Satisfactions with Sanitation

Before

After





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Before







Process of Community Partnership in Project

- Community mobilized & engaged in all project phases
- External 104.84M (Govt) Internal 36.40 (64/36)
- WASH Development committees at Street level
- Water and Sanitation Community Organization WASCO
- Almost 95% Recovery rate (WATSAN bills)
- Project handed over to WASCO



Community Ownership and Project Sustainability

- Community Empower & self reliance
- Community satisfaction with WASCO
- About 87% Ownership of project & own property
- About 93% expressed their own responsibility of caring
- Pakistan PPP Policy 2010-Punjab PPP Act 2014
- Conversion of <u>Authorities</u> into <u>Companies</u>



Conclusion

- Local Community have capacity to manage, develop & care
- Engaging communities ensure empowered & self-reliance
- Majority of population expressed ownership
- PPP ensure project ownership & sustainability
- Project played excellent role for Govt & Policy Makers
- <u>PPP viable & feasible approach for WASH development</u>



Suggestion

- Communities must be engaged WASH Development
- Policies should be refined and upgraded
- PPP Paradigm approach in all the sector
- Sufficient budgeting, long term policies about WASH
- Strategic planning with public oriented vision for WASH



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Thank You

Any Question Please

