



Identifying and Characterizing Transboundary Aquifers between Mexico-US: An initial assessment

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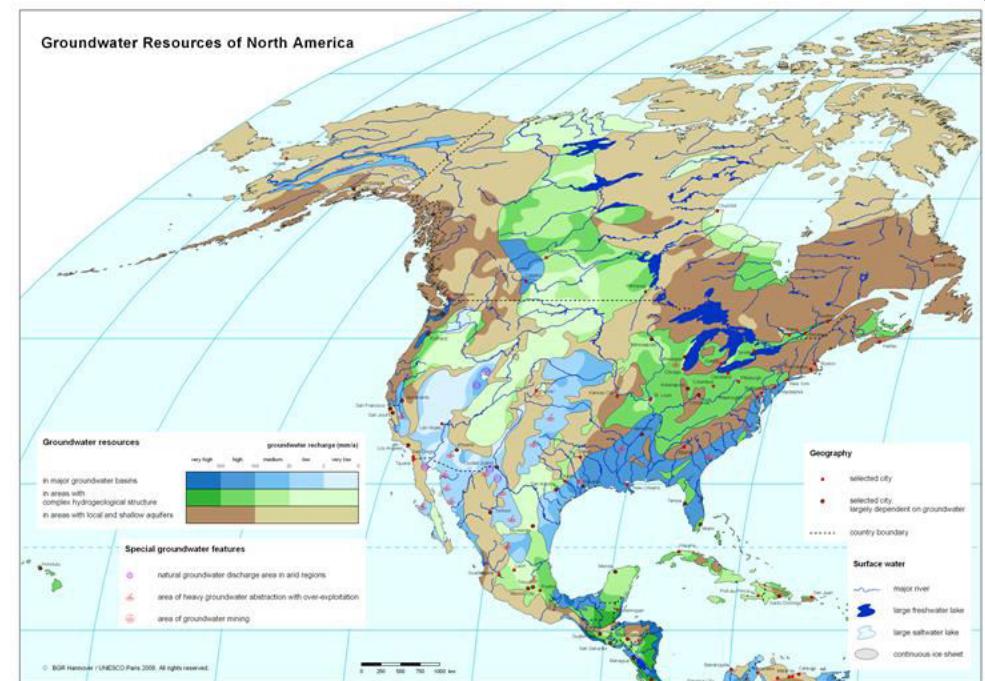
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What do we know?

- 600 transboundary aquifers have been mapped (IGRAC)
 - only one is managed collaboratively (Genevese Aquifer)
- International framework is limited
 - 1997 UN Watercourse Convention
 - 2008 Law of Transboundary Aquifers (draft)



Int'l Legal Framework: limited

1997 Watercourse Convention

*...a system of surfacewaters and groundwaters ...physical relationship a **unitary whole***

and normally flowing into a **common terminus..**

2008 Law of Transboundary Aquifers

*...**permeable water bearing** geological formation underlain by a less permeable layer...*

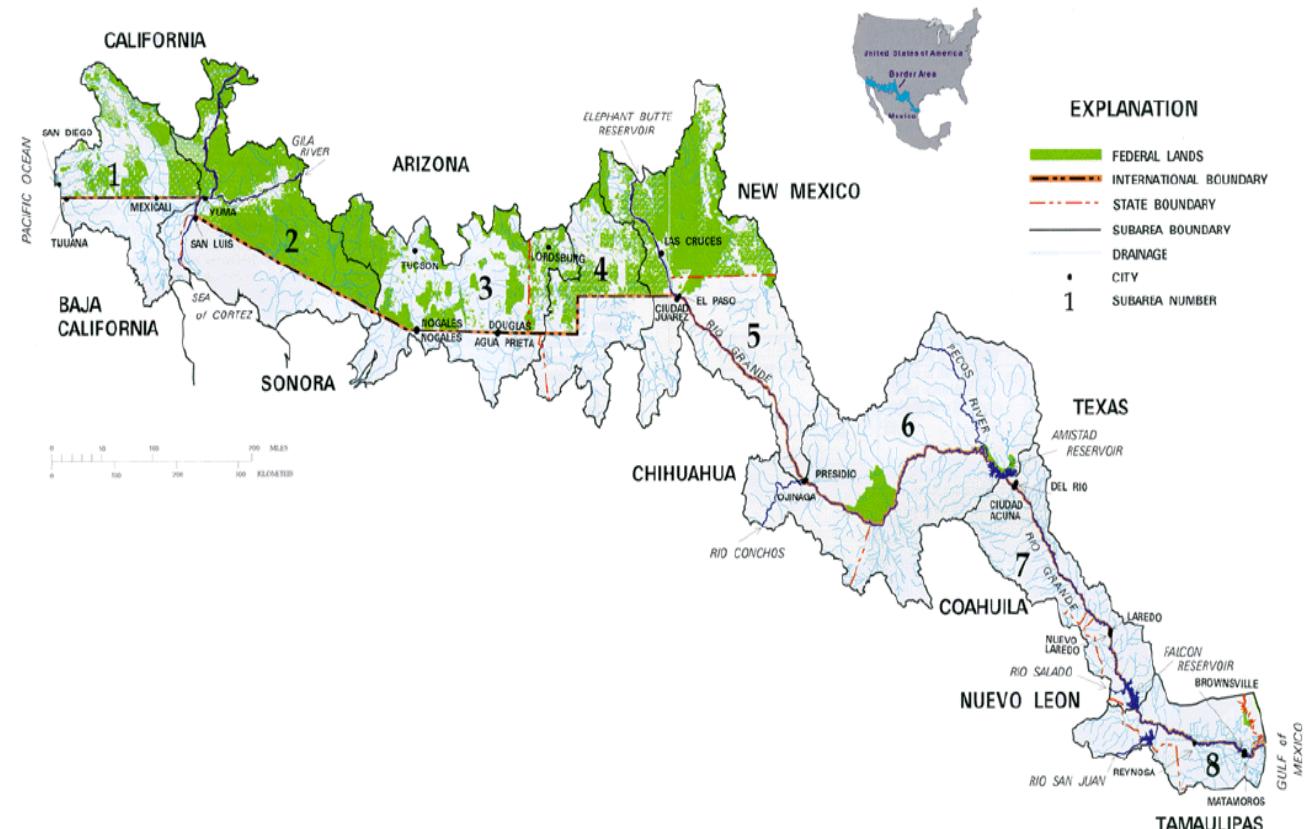
*...Obligation not to cause significant harm at **the discharge zone***

- Confined, fossil aquifers do not seem to be considered
- Recharge zone is not directly addressed as part of the system



Binational Efforts: transboundary groundwater framework

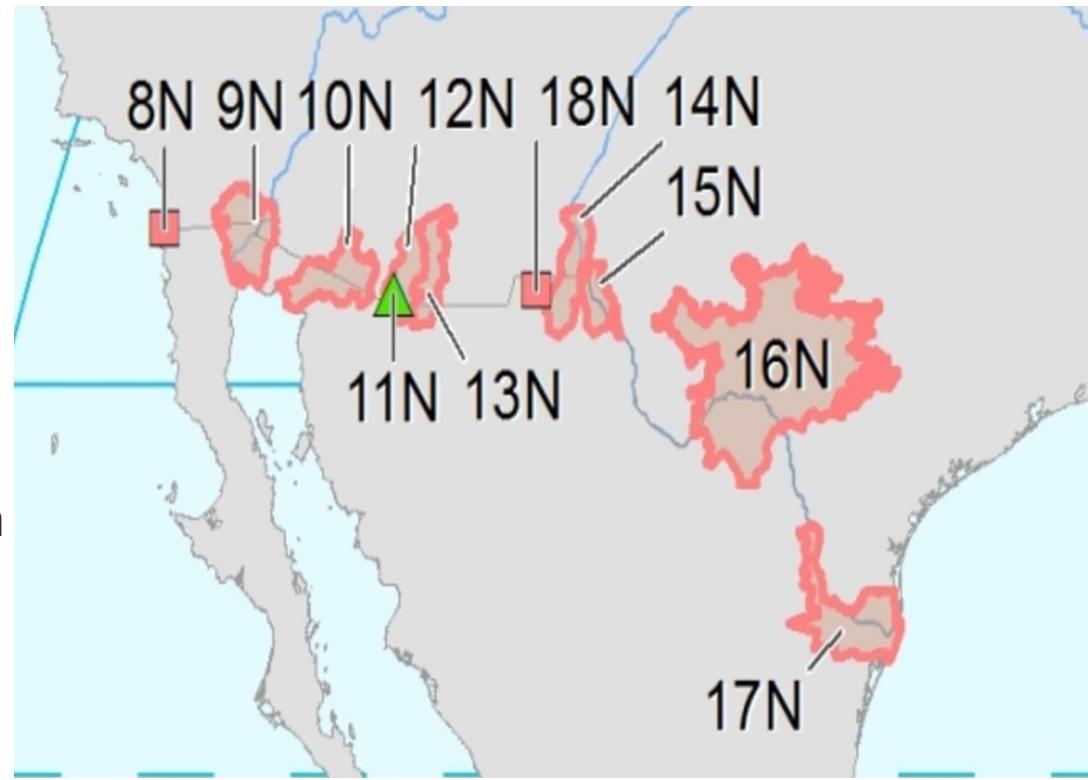
- 1973 Minute 242 (1944 Treaty)
- La Paz Agreement 1983
- 2006 US-Mexico Transboundary Assessment Act Program (TAAP)



International Efforts: ISARM

11 transboundary aquifers

- San Diego-Tijuana
- Cuenca Baja del Rio Colorado
- Sonoyta-Papagos
- Nogales
- Santa Cruz
- San Pedro
- Mimbres-Las Palmas
- Conejos Medanos-Bolson de la Mesilla
- Hueco Bolson-Valle de Juarez
- Edwards Trinity-El Burro
- Cuenca Baja del Rio Grande



More problems: Aquifer boundaries???



US-Mexico transboundary groundwater framework

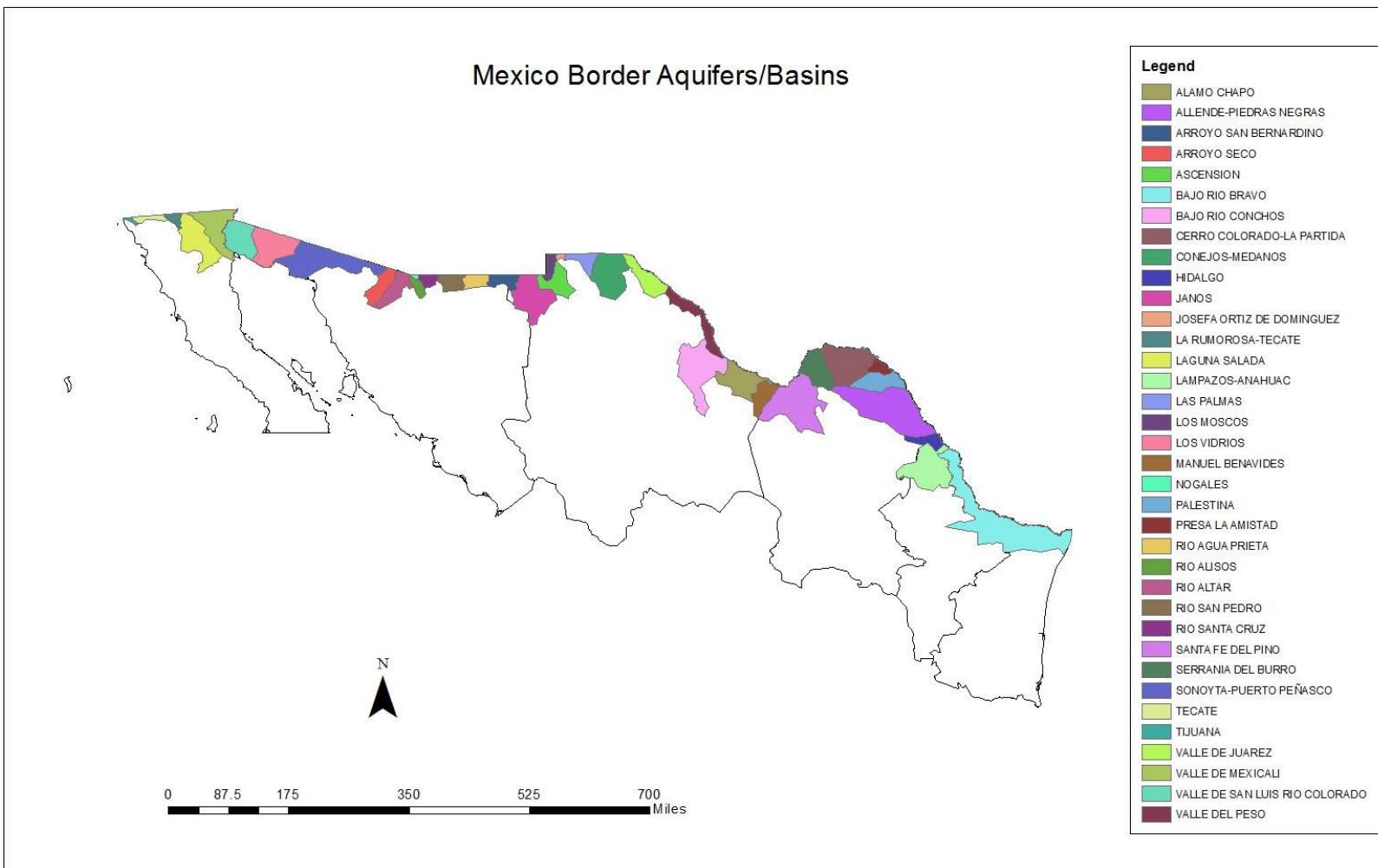
- How many transboundary aquifers do we have?



Proposed US-Mexico Transboundary Aquifer/Basins Criteria Selection:

- Data availability
 - Selection: Reasonable, Some, None
 - Reasonable: US, Mexico, Intl sources
 - Some: Not enough data to confirm transboundary relationship
 - Limited
- Only hydrological/geological considerations





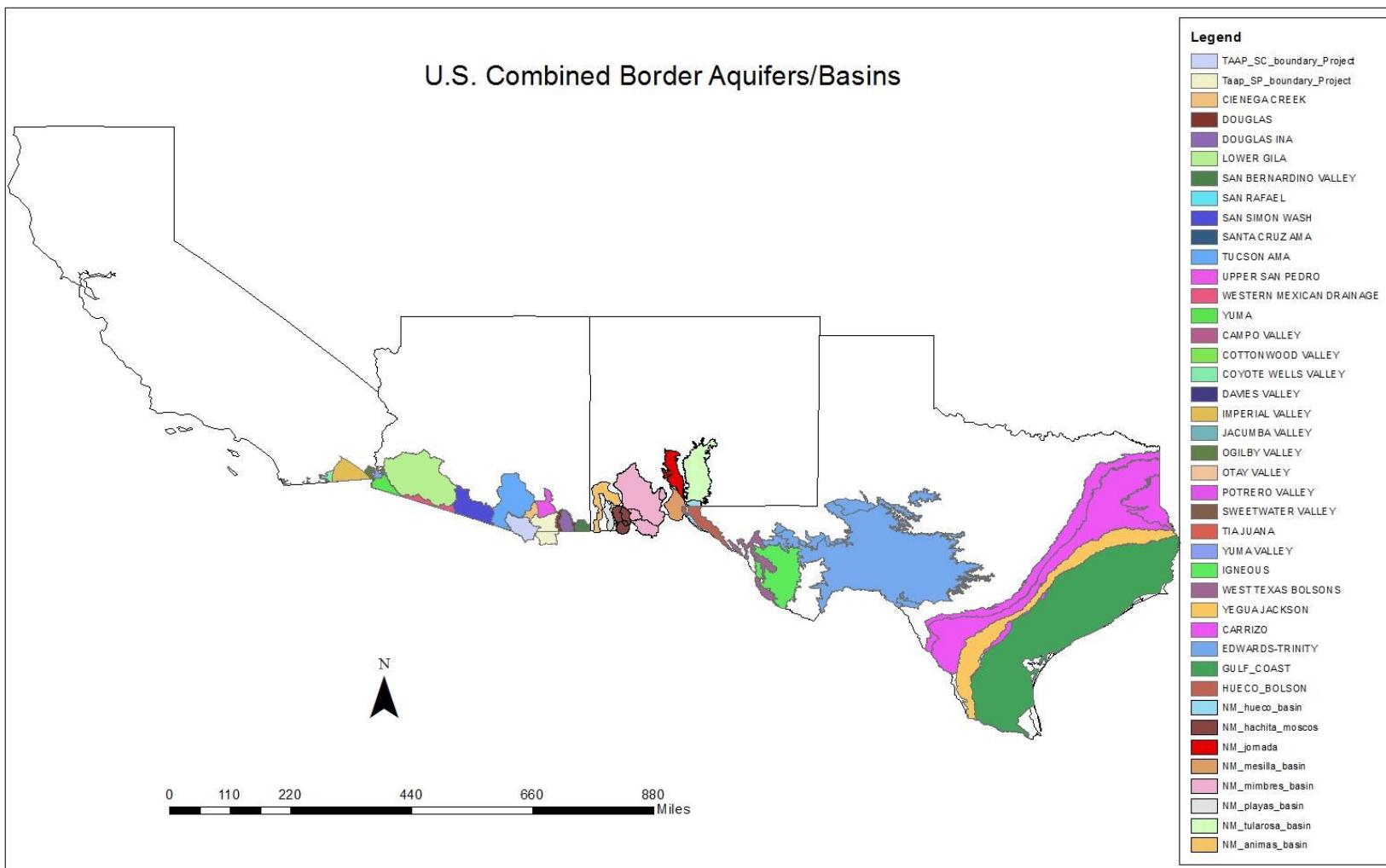


Figure 1. California-Baja California Transboundary Aquifers/Basins

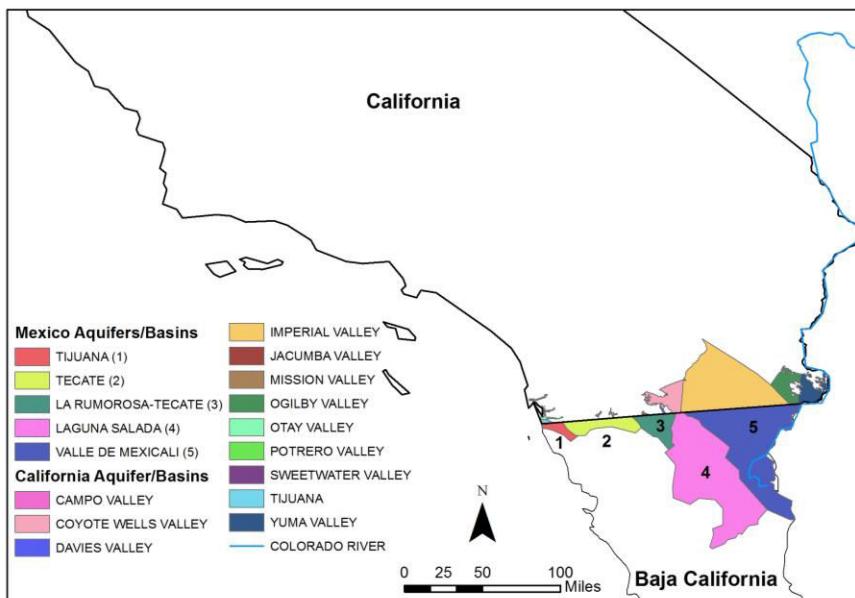
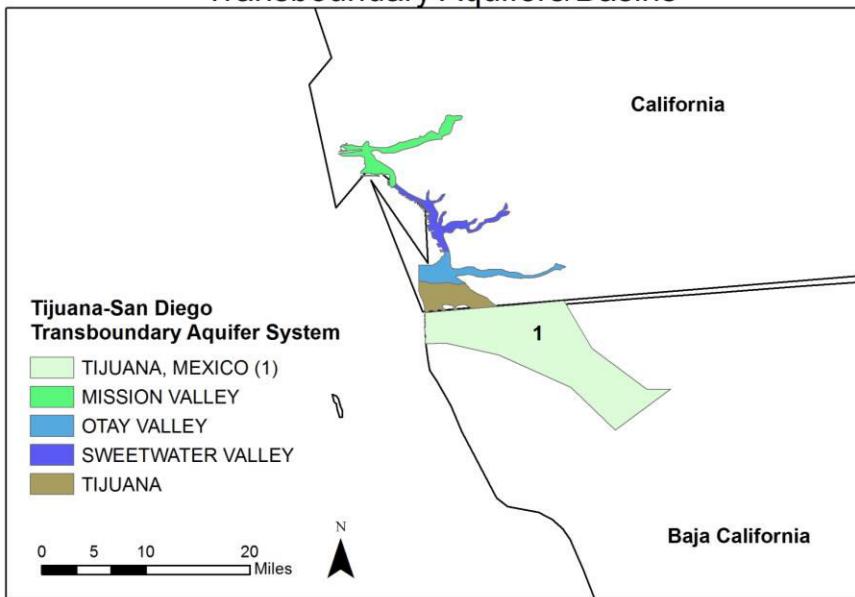


Figure 3. Arizona-Sonora Transboundary Aquifers/Basins

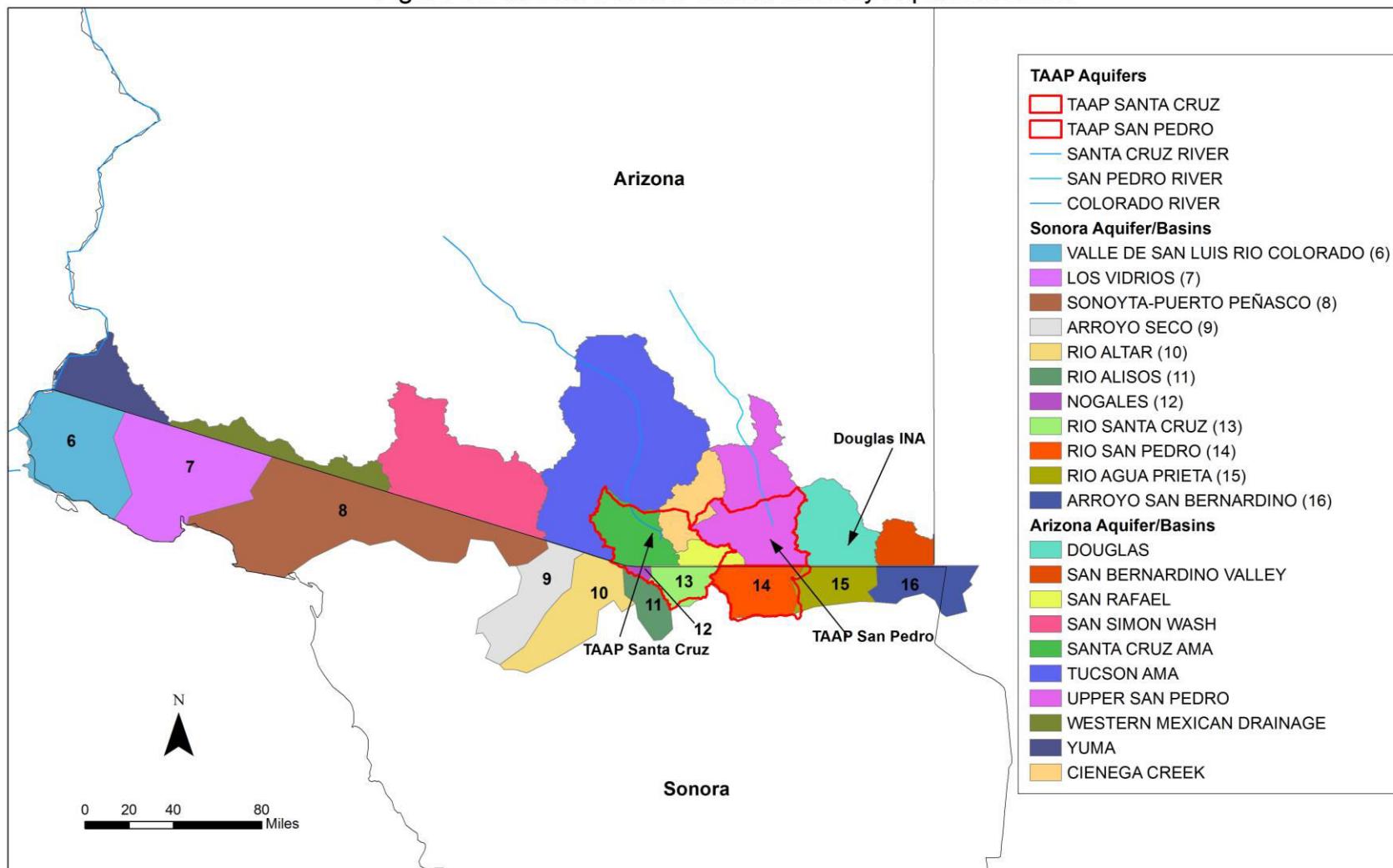


Figure 5. Chihuahua- New Mexico Aquifers/Basins

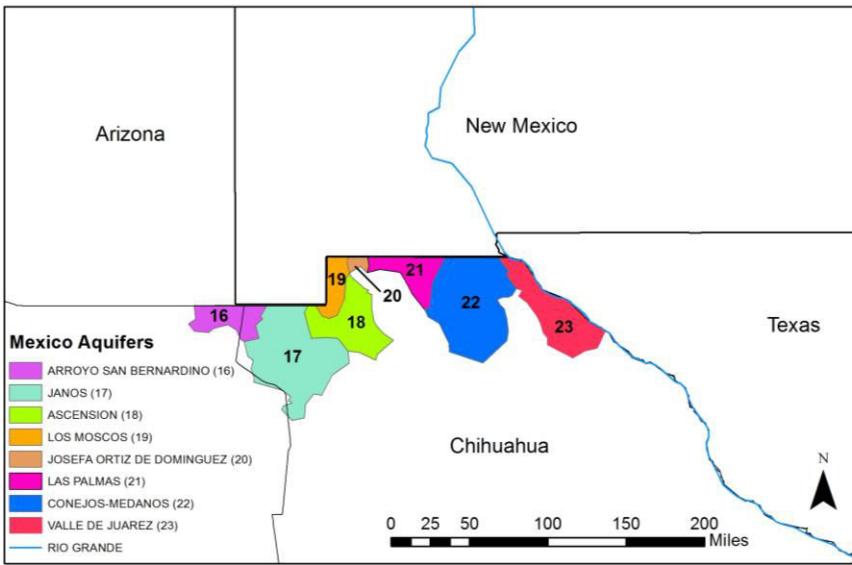
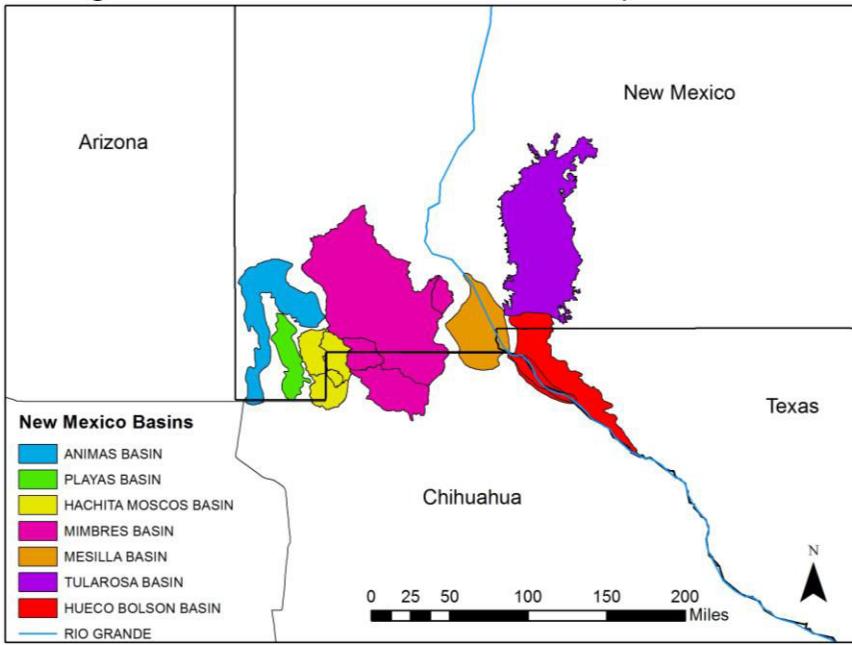


Figure 6. Chihuahua-Coahuila-Nuevo Leon-Tamaulipas-Texas Aquifers/Basins

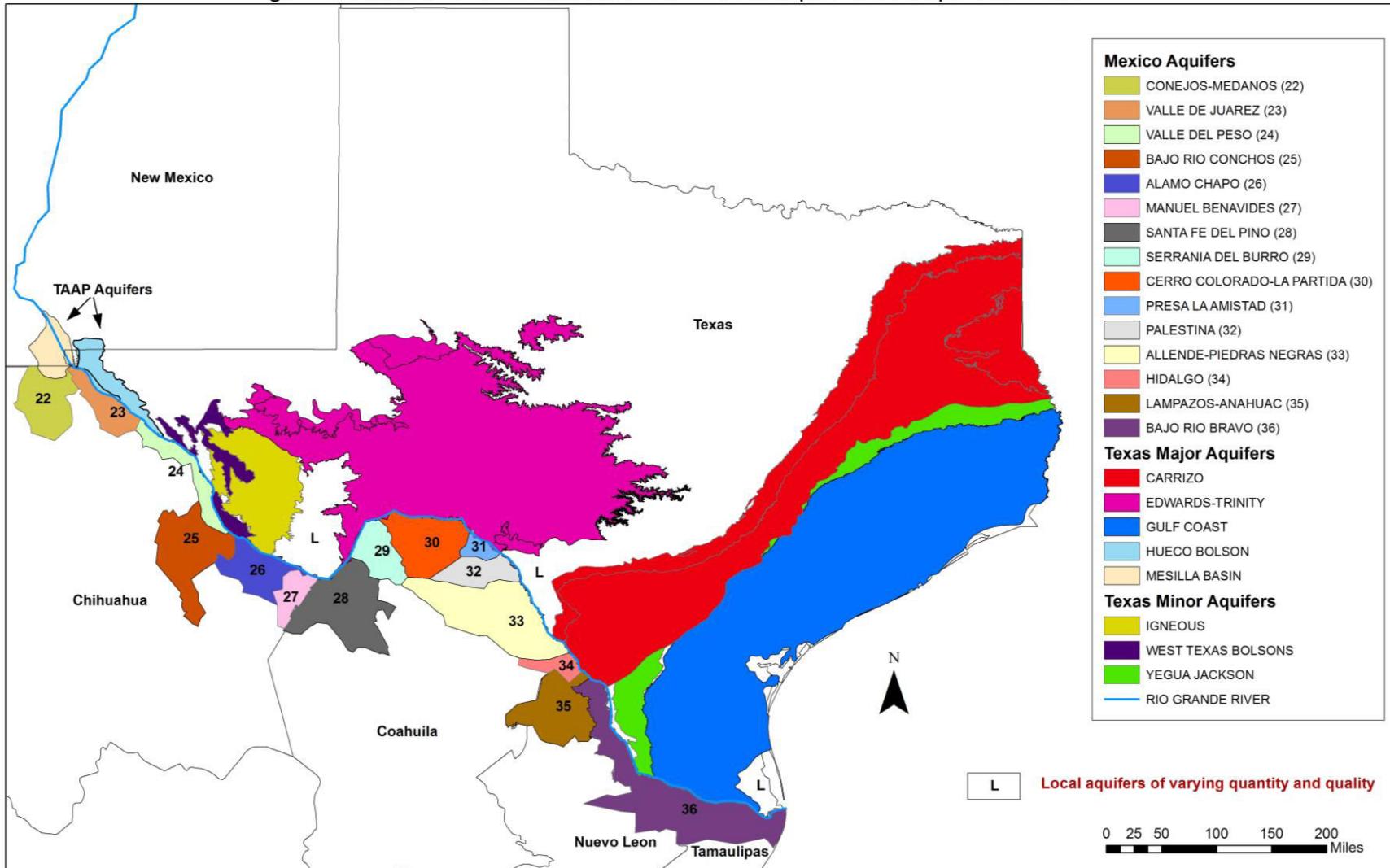
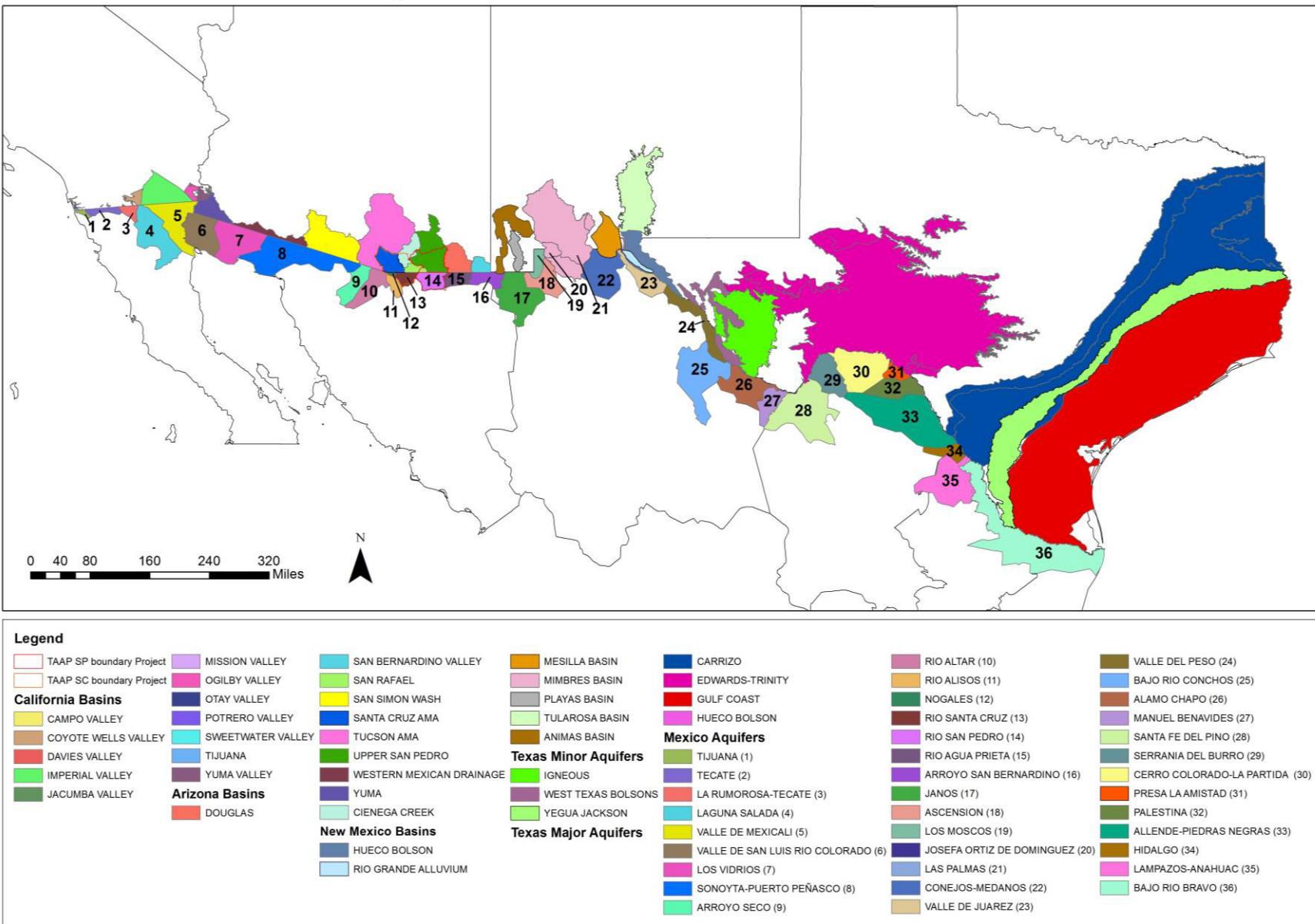
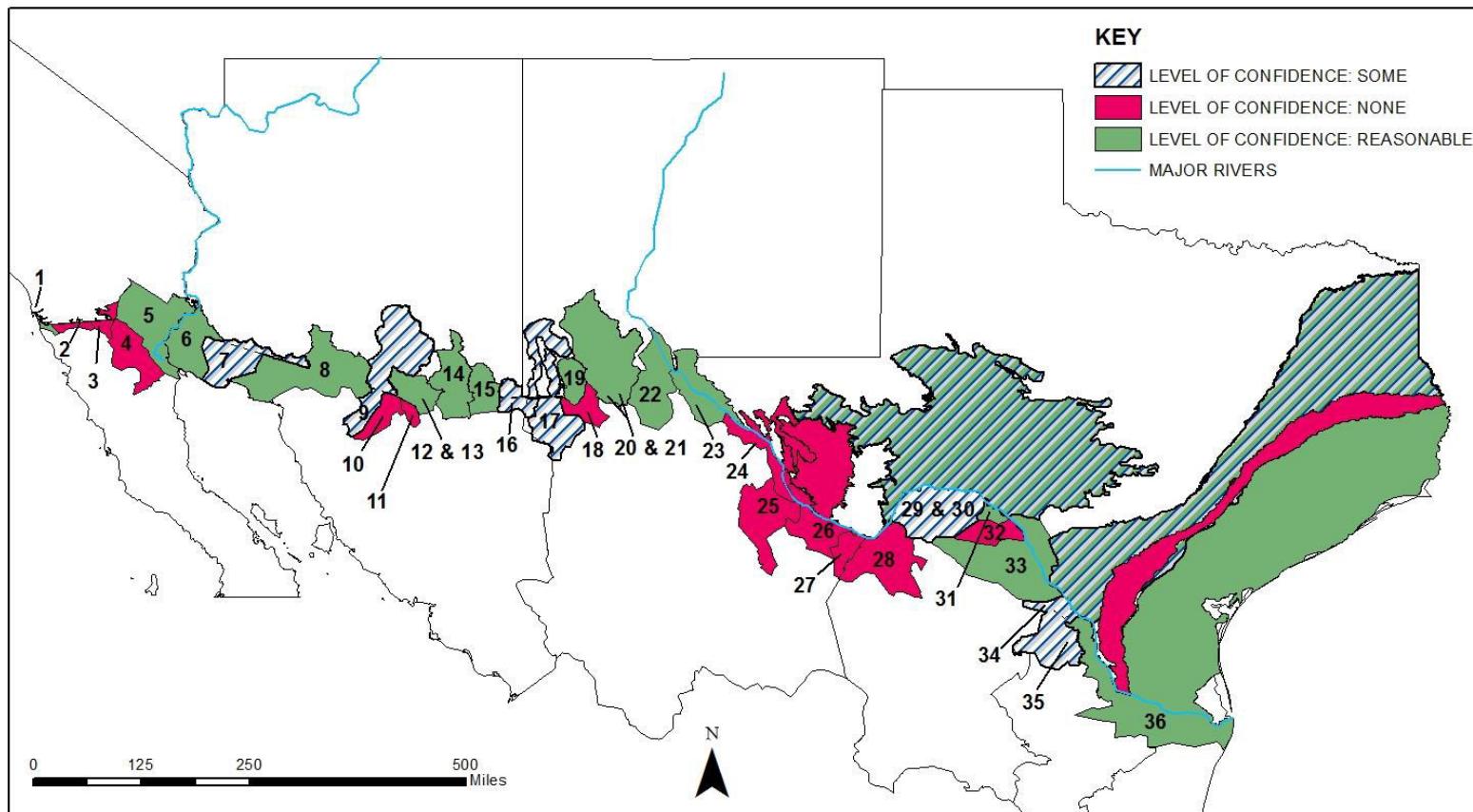


Figure 8. Mexico-U.S. Border Aquifers/Basins



| STATES (MEXICO-US) | Level of information available/research to define the transboundary character | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| | REASONABLE | SOME | LIMITED |
| BAJA CALIFORNIA-CALIFORNIA | (1) Tijuana/San Diego- (Tia Juana, Otay Sweetwater and Mission system) | | (2) Tecate/Potrero Valley and Campo Valley |
| | | | (3) La Rumorosa-Tecate/Jacumba Valley and Davies Valley |
| | | | (4) Laguna Salada/Coyote Wells Valley |
| BAJA CALIFORNIA-CALIFORNIA-SONORA-ARIZONA | Cuenca Baja del Rio Colorado system (5) Valle de Mexicali/ Imperial, Ogilby and Yuma Valley | | |
| | Cuenca Baja del Rio Colorado system (6)Valle San Luis Rio Colorado/Yuma | | |
| SONORA-ARIZONA | Sonoya-Papagos system (8) Sonoya-Papagos/San Simon Wash | (7) Los Vidrios/Western Mexican Drainage | (10) Rio Altar/Tucson AMA |
| | (12) Nogales/Santa Cruz (TAAP1) | (9) Arroyo Seco/Tuscon AMA | (11) Rio Alisos/Santa Cruz |
| | (13) Santa Cruz/Santa Cruz-San Rafael (TAAP1) | | |
| | (14) San Pedro/San Pedro (TAAP2) | | |
| | (15) Rio Agua Prieta/Douglas (INA) | | |
| SONORA-ARIZONA-NEW MEXICO | | (16) Arroyo San Bernardino/San Bernardino Valley-San Bernardino basin | |
| CHIHUAHUA-NEW MEXICO | (19) Los Moscos/Moscos-Hachita | (17) Janos/Animas and Playas aquifer basin | (18) Ascencion/Los Moscos-Hachita |
| | (20) Josefa Ortiz de Dominguez/Mimbres | | |
| | (21) Las Palmas/Mimbres | | |
| CHIHUAHUA-TEXAS-NEW MEXICO | (22) Conejos Medanos/Mesilla Bolson (TAAP3) | | |
| | (23) Valle de Juarez/Hueco Bolson (TAAP4) | | |
| CHIHUAHUA-TEXAS | | | (24) Valle del Peso/West Texas Bolsons |
| | | | (25) Bajo Rio Conchos/West Texas Bolsons |
| | | | (26) Alamo Chapo/Igneous |
| | | | (27) Manuel Benavides/Lower aquifers |
| COAHUILA-TEXAS | (31) Presa La Amistad/Edwards | (29) Serrania del Burro/Edwards | (28) Santa Fe del Pino/Lower aquifers |
| | (33) Allende-Piedras Negras/Lower aquifers | (30) Cerro Colorado-La Partida/Edwards | (32) Palestina/Lower aquifers |
| | | (34) Hidalgo/Carrizo Wilcox | |
| NUEVO LEON-TEXAS | | (35) Lampazos/Anahuac-Carrizo Wilcox | |
| TAMAULIPAS-TEXAS | (36) Bajo Rio Bravo/Carrizo Wilcox-Gulf Coast (Yegua Jackson no data) | | |
| Total | 16 | 8 | 12 |

Figure 9. Confidence Level of the Transboundary Nature of Aquifers between Mexico and the U.S.



16 Confidence Level: Reasonable

- (1) Tijuana/San Diego
-(Tijuana, Otay Sweetwater and Mission system)
- (5) Cuenca Baja del Rio Colorado system:
Valle de Mexicali/ Imperial, Ogilby and Yuma Valley
- (6) Cuenca Baja del Rio Colorado system:
Valle San Luis Rio Colorado/Yuma
- (8) Sonoya-Papagos system:
Sonoya-Papagos/San Simon Wash
- (12) Nogales/Santa Cruz (TAAP1)
- (13) Santa Cruz/Santa Cruz-San Rafael (TAAP1)
- (14) San Pedro/San Pedro (TAAP2)
- (15) Rio Agua Prieta/Douglas (INA)

- (19) Los Moscos/ Hachita Moscos
- (20) Josefa Ortiz de Dominguez/Mimbres
- (21) Las Palmas/Mimbres
- (22) Conejos Medanos/Mesilla Bolson (TAAP3)
- (23) Valle de Juarez/Hueco Bolson (TAAP4)
- (31) Presa La Amistad/Edwards
- (33) Allende-Piedras Negras/Local aquifers
- (36) Bajo Rio Bravo/Carrizo Wilcox-Gulf Coast
(Yegua Jackson no data)

8 Confidence Level: Some

- (7) Los Vidrios/Western Mexican Drainage
- (9) Arroyo Seco/Tuscon AMA
- (16) Arroyo San Bernardino/San Bernardino Valley
-San Bernardino basin
- (17) Janos/Animas and Playas aquifer basin
- (29) Serrania del Burro/Edwards
- (30) Cerro Colorado-La Partida/Edwards
- (34) Hidalgo/Carrizo Wilcox
- (35) Lampazos/Anahuac-Carrizo Wilcox



Discussion/questions

- i. What is the **criteria** we should use to identify transboundary aquifers between US and Mexico?
- ii. What are the potential **units of management** (level of management) of transboundary aquifers?)
- iii. What are the main **principles** (based on the existent international framework on transboundary waters) that fit into the characteristics of the transboundary conditions between US and Mexico that could be used to develop a regional framework





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